



## Announcements

- CBTF Quiz 4 next week (10/17-20)
- Do HW14 on Prairie Learn to prepare for Quiz 4
- Have you checked your grades on Compass yet?

### ☐ Upcoming deadlines:

- Friday (10/13) – TODAY!
  - WA #2
- Wednesday (10/18)
  - PL HW14



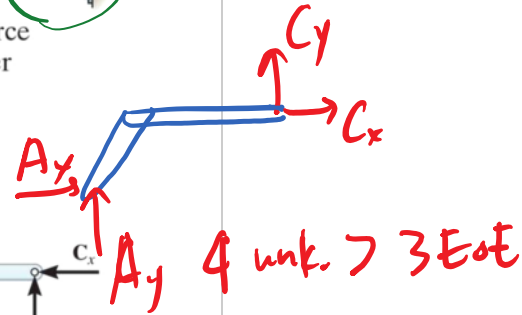
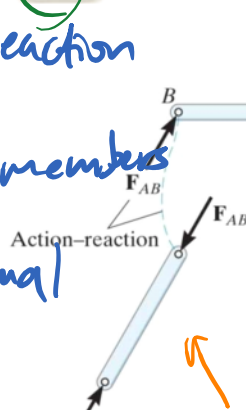
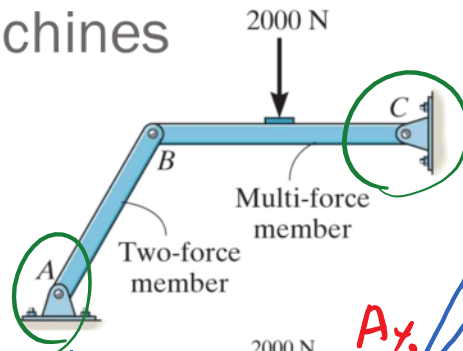
## Recap: Frames and machines

The members can be truss elements, beams, pulleys, cables, and other components. The general solution method is similar to rigid body at equilibrium analysis:

1.) Identify all external reaction

2.) Identify two force members

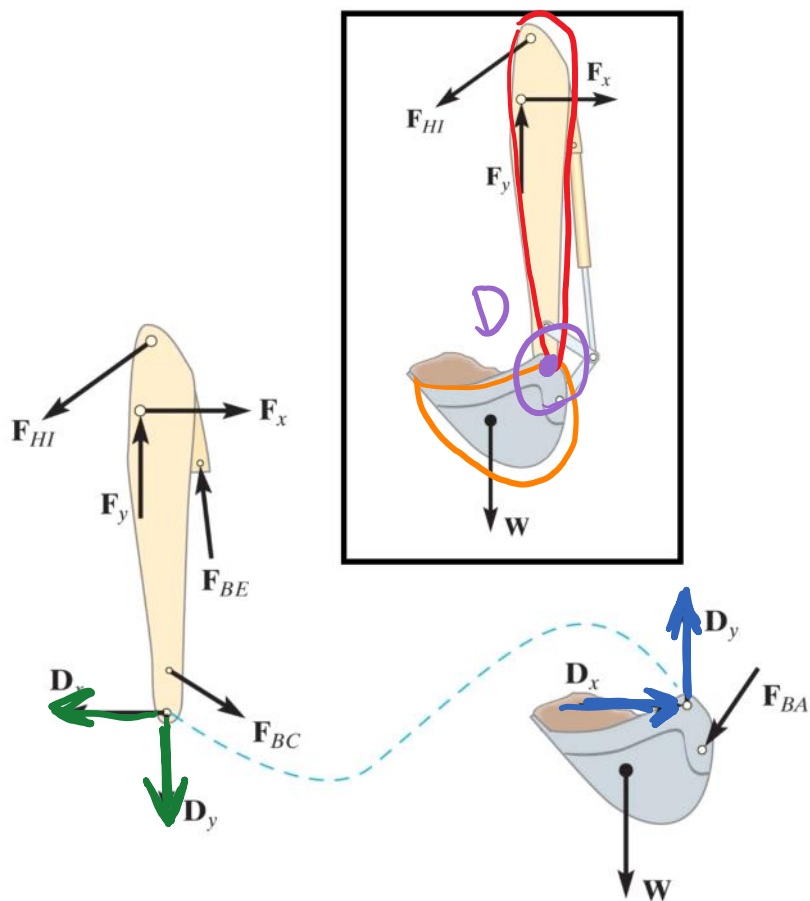
3.) Analysis on individual member based on the unknown parameters of interest.



# Recap

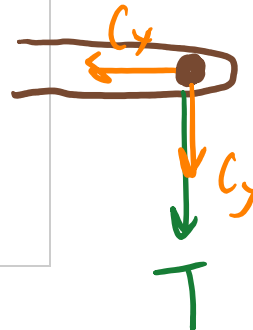
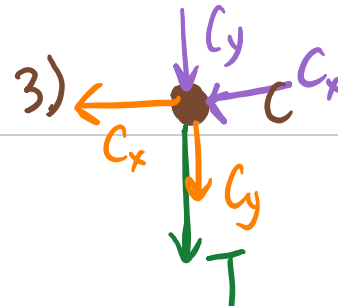
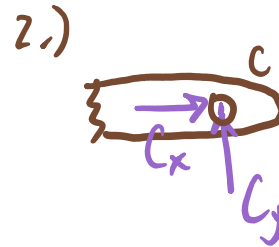
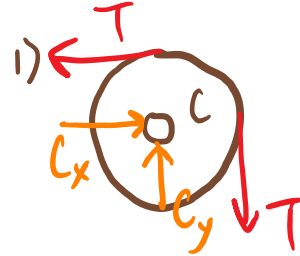
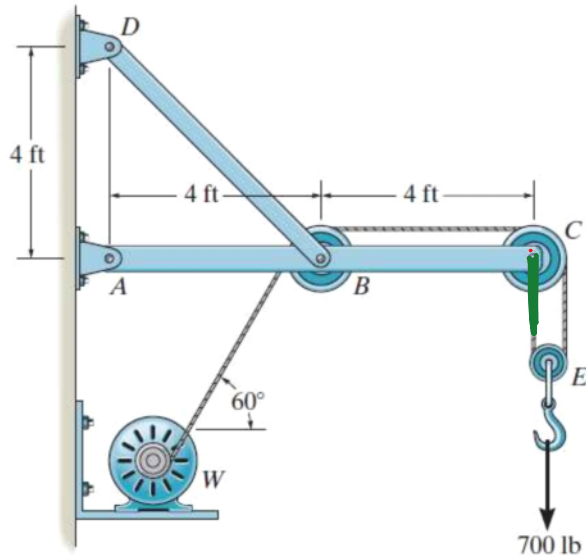


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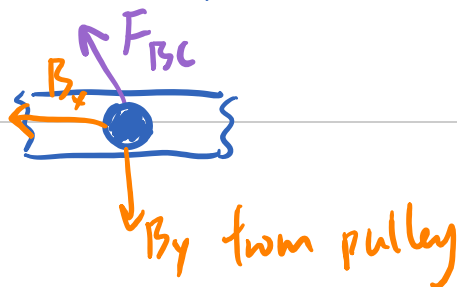


**Given:** The wall crane supports an external load of 700 lb.

**Find:** The force in the cable at winch motor  $W$  and the horizontal and vertical components of pin reactions at  $C$  on beam  $ABC$ .

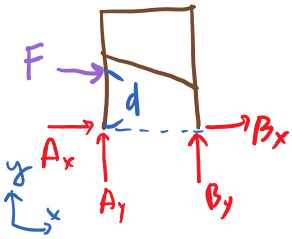


include pin B:



Determine the horizontal and vertical components of force which pin  $B$  exert on the frame.

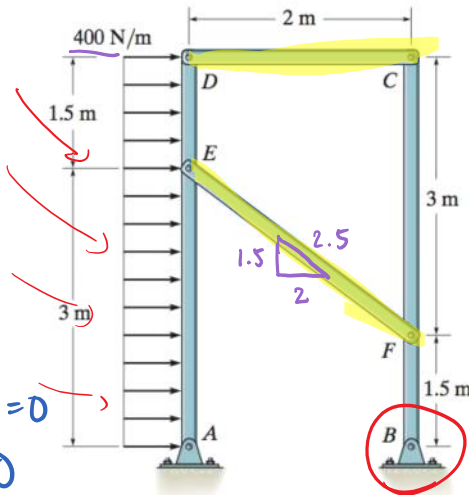
1.) ID ext. F.



$$\sum F_x = A_x + F + B_x = 0$$

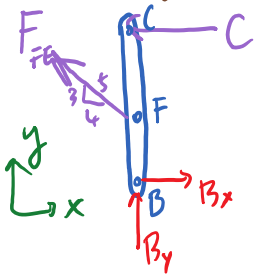
$$\sum F_y = A_y + B_y = 0$$

$$\sum M_A = -F d + B_y (2m) = 0 \Rightarrow B_y = \frac{F d}{2}$$



2.) ID 2 force members =  $CD$ ,  $EF$

3.) Analyze members in parts.



$$\sum F_x = -C - F_{EF} \left( \frac{4}{5} \right) + B_x = 0 \Rightarrow C = B_x - \left( -B_y \left( \frac{5}{3} \right) \right)$$

$$\sum F_y = F_{EF} \left( \frac{3}{5} \right) + B_y = 0 \Rightarrow F_{EF} = -B_y \left( \frac{5}{3} \right)$$

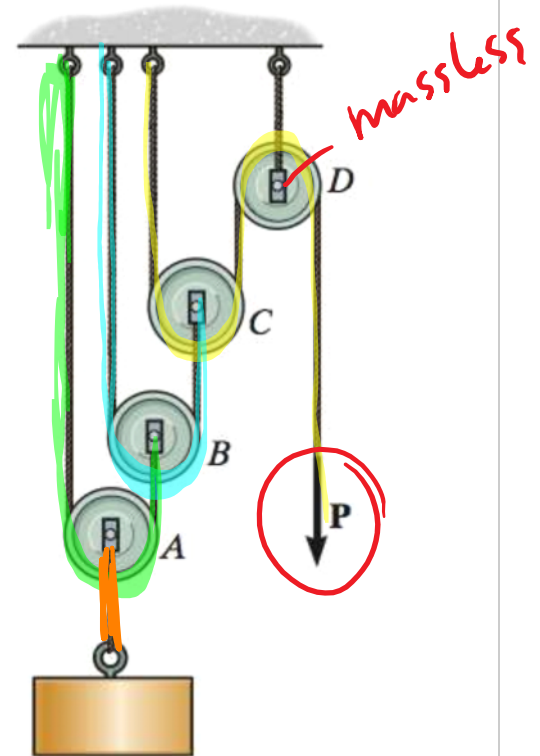
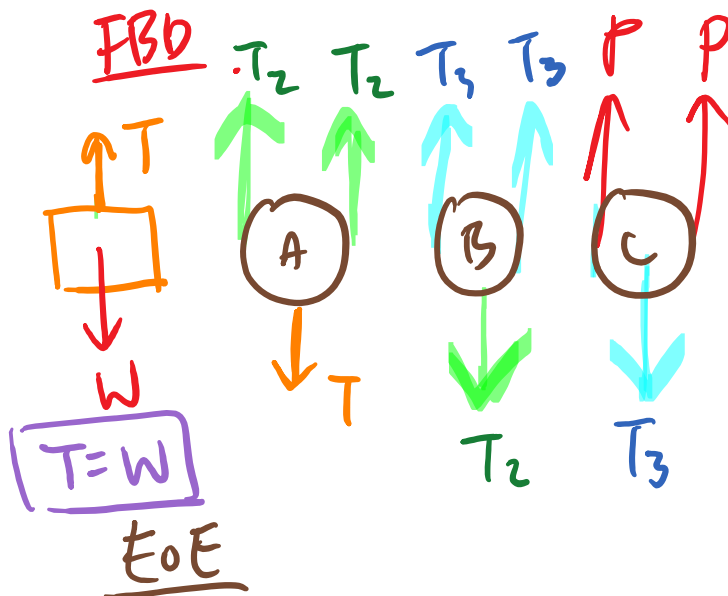
$$\sum M_F = C(3m) + B_x(1.5m) = 0 \Rightarrow (3m) \left( B_x + B_y \left( \frac{5}{3} \right) \right) + B_x(1.5m) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\begin{matrix} B_x = 1800 \text{ N} \\ B_y = 2025 \text{ N} \end{matrix}}$$

Determine the force  $P$  required to hold the 100-lb weight in equilibrium.

Given:  $W = 100 \text{ lb}$ .

Find:  $P$



$$c) \sum F_y = 2P - T_3 = 0 \Rightarrow T_3 = 2P$$

$$b) \sum F_y = 2T_3 - T_2 = 0 \Rightarrow T_2 = 2T_3 = 4P$$

$$a) \sum F_y = 2T_2 - T = 0 \Rightarrow T = 2T_2 = 2(4P) = 8P$$

$$P = \frac{T}{8} = \frac{W}{8} = \frac{100 \text{ lb}}{8}$$