

1D SHO $\hat{H}(x) = \frac{1}{2m}(\hat{p}^2 + m^2\omega^2 x^2)$ Define $x_0 \equiv \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{m\omega}}$, $\xi \equiv \frac{x}{x_0} \rightarrow \hat{H}(\xi) = \frac{\hbar\omega}{2} \left(\xi^2 - \frac{d^2}{d\xi^2} \right)$

$E_n = (n + \frac{1}{2})\hbar\omega$, $\psi_n(x) = \left(\frac{1}{\pi x_0^2}\right)^{1/4} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^n n!}} H_n\left(\frac{x}{x_0}\right) e^{-\frac{x^2}{2x_0^2}}$ where $H_0(\xi) = 1$, $H_2(\xi) = 4\xi^2 - 2$,
 $H_1(\xi) = 2\xi$, $H_3(\xi) = 8\xi^3 - 12\xi$,

$\hat{a}_{\pm} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\xi \mp \frac{d}{d\xi} \right) \rightarrow \hat{a}_+ \psi_n = \sqrt{n+1} \psi_{n+1}$ $\hat{H} = \hbar\omega (\hat{a}_+ \hat{a}_- + \frac{1}{2})$ $H_n(\xi) = (-1)^n e^{\xi^2} \frac{d^n}{d\xi^n} e^{-\xi^2}$
 $\hat{a}_- \psi_n = \sqrt{n} \psi_{n-1}$, $[\hat{a}_-, \hat{a}_+] = 1$

Note: A square-root sign is to be understood over every coefficient, e.g., for $-8/15$ read $-\sqrt{8/15}$.

Notation:

J	J	...
M	M	...

m_1	m_2	Coefficients
m_1	m_2	
\vdots	\vdots	
\vdots	\vdots	

$Y_1^0 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4\pi}} \cos \theta$ $2 \times 1/2$

5/2	5/2	3/2
+5/2	1	+3/2+3/2

$Y_1^1 = -\sqrt{\frac{3}{8\pi}} \sin \theta e^{i\phi}$

+2	-1/2	1/5	4/5	5/2	3/2
+1	+1/2	4/5-1/5	+1/2	+1/2	

$Y_2^0 = \sqrt{\frac{5}{4\pi}} \left(\frac{3}{2} \cos^2 \theta - \frac{1}{2} \right)$

+1	-1/2	2/5	3/5	5/2	3/2
0	+1/2	3/5-2/5	-1/2	-1/2	

$Y_2^1 = -\sqrt{\frac{15}{8\pi}} \sin \theta \cos \theta e^{i\phi}$

0	-1/2	3/5	2/5	5/2	3/2
-1	+1/2	-1	+1/2	-3/2-3/2	

$Y_2^2 = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{15}{2\pi}} \sin^2 \theta e^{2i\phi}$ $3/2 \times 1/2$

2	2	1	-1	-1/2	4/5	1/5	5/2
+3/2	+1/2	1	+1	+1	-2	+1/2	-5/2

$Y_\ell^{-m} = (-1)^m Y_\ell^{m*}$

0	-1	1/2	1/2	2			
-1	0	1/2-1/2	-2				

$\langle j_1 j_2 m_1 m_2 | j_1 j_2 J M \rangle = (-1)^{J-j_1-j_2} \langle j_2 j_1 m_2 m_1 | j_2 j_1 J M \rangle$

Perturbation Theory

$E_n^{(1)} = \langle n^{(0)} | H' | n^{(0)} \rangle$

$E_n^{(2)} = \sum_{m \neq n} \frac{\langle m^{(0)} | H' | n^{(0)} \rangle^2}{E_n^{(0)} - E_m^{(0)}} = \langle n^{(0)} | H' | n^{(1)} \rangle$

$|n^{(1)}\rangle = \sum_{m \neq n} \frac{\langle m^{(0)} | H' | n^{(0)} \rangle}{E_n^{(0)} - E_m^{(0)}} |m^{(0)}\rangle$

$3/2 \times 3/2$

3	3	2	3	2	1
+3/2	+3/2	1	+2	+2	

$2 \times 3/2$

7/2	7/2	5/2	3	2	1
+7/2	1	+5/2+5/2	+1	+1	+1

2×2

4	4	3	4	3	2	1	0
+4	+3	+3	+2	+2	+2		

$1/2 \times 1/2$

1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
+1/2+1/2	1	0	0				