

ECE 445 Spring 2017

Lava Lamp 2.0

The Inductioning
TEAM 44

Final Presentation
5/2/2017

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OUTLINE

- ▶ INTRODUCTION
- ▶ OBJECTIVES
- ▶ DESIGN
- ▶ BLOCK DIAGRAM



- ▶ CONCLUSIONS
- ▶ FUTURE WORK

- ▶ MCU
- ▶ TEMPERATURE SENSOR
- ▶ LED CIRCUIT
- ▶ LED & MCU POWER SUPPLY
- ▶ INDUCTION POWER SUPPLY
- ▶ INDUCTION HEATING



INTRODUCTION



INTRODUCTION TO A LAVA LAMP



- ▶ Water
- ▶ Wax
- ▶ Heating source
- ▶ Density difference

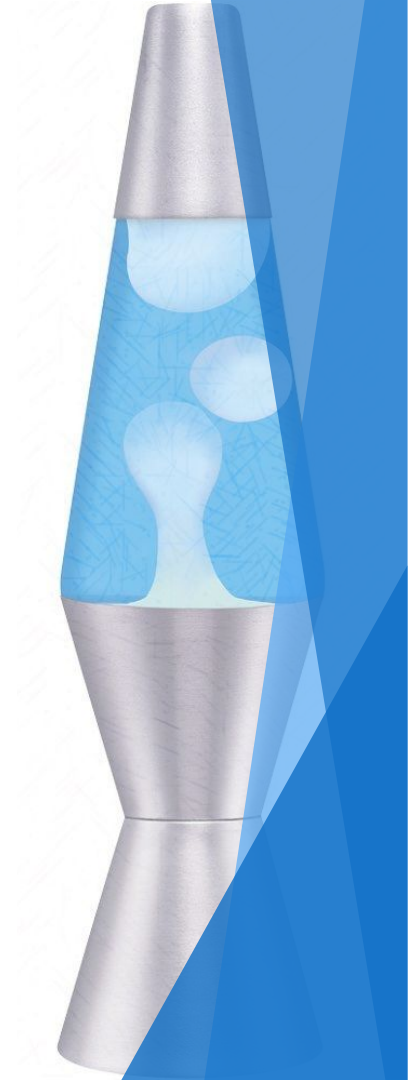


COMPARING LAVA LAMPS

	CLASSIC	LAVA 1.0	LAVA 2.0
Flow time:	2 hours	25 minutes	10 minutes
Brightness:	25W incandescent	2 color LED's	3 ultra-bright white LED's & 3 color LED
Interactivity:	None	1 button, 1 lever: 5 colors & variable brightness	2 buttons: 7 colors & 5 brightness levels
Safety:	None	Temperature control	Temperature control + cool globe



OBJECTIVES

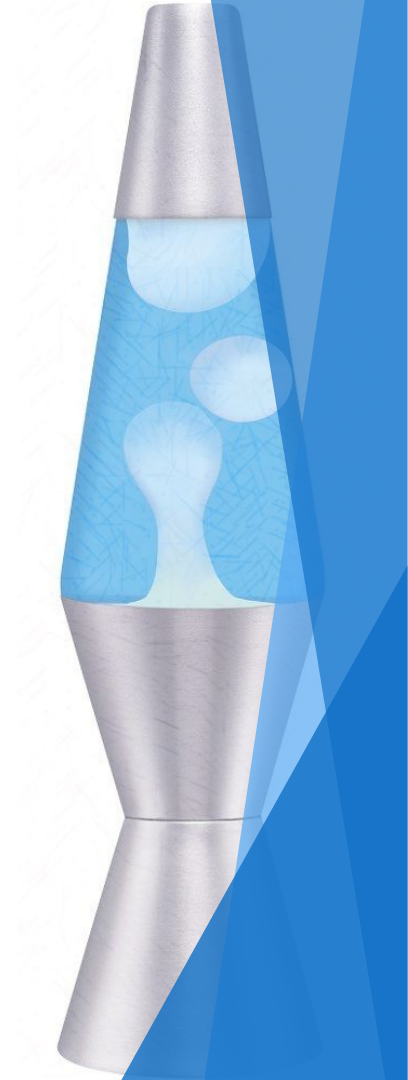


OBJECTIVES

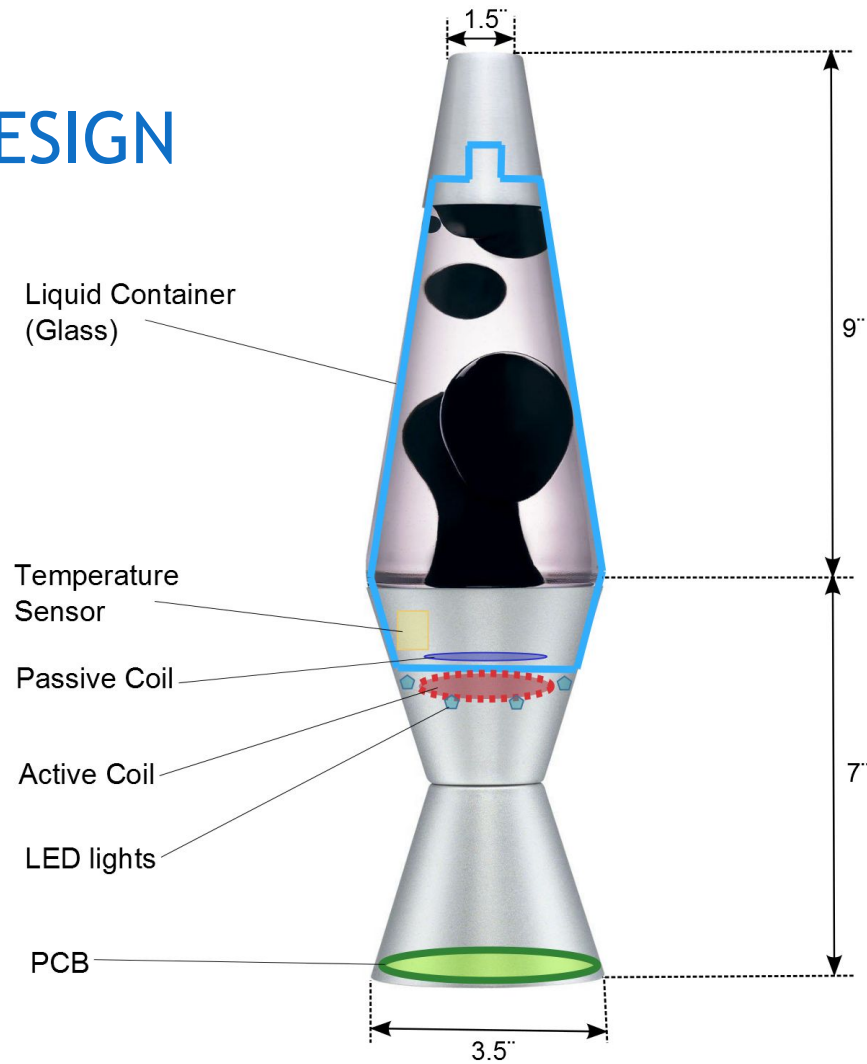
- ▶ OPERATION → 50° C within 10 minutes
- ▶ BRIGHTNESS → 3000 lux at 1 ft.
- ▶ INTERACTIVITY → 7 Colors, 5 Brightnesses
- ▶ SAFETY → 45° C outside the globe



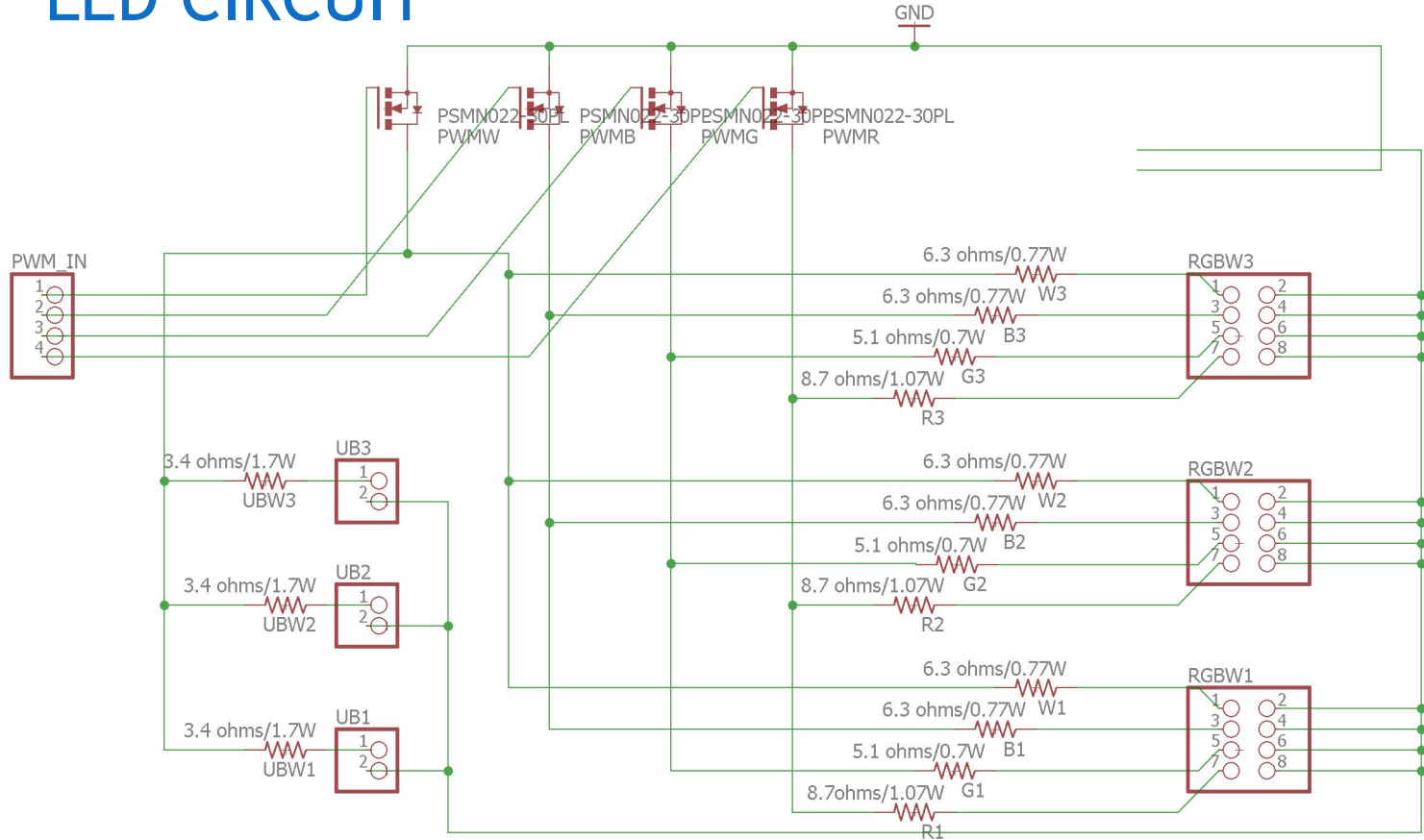
DESIGN



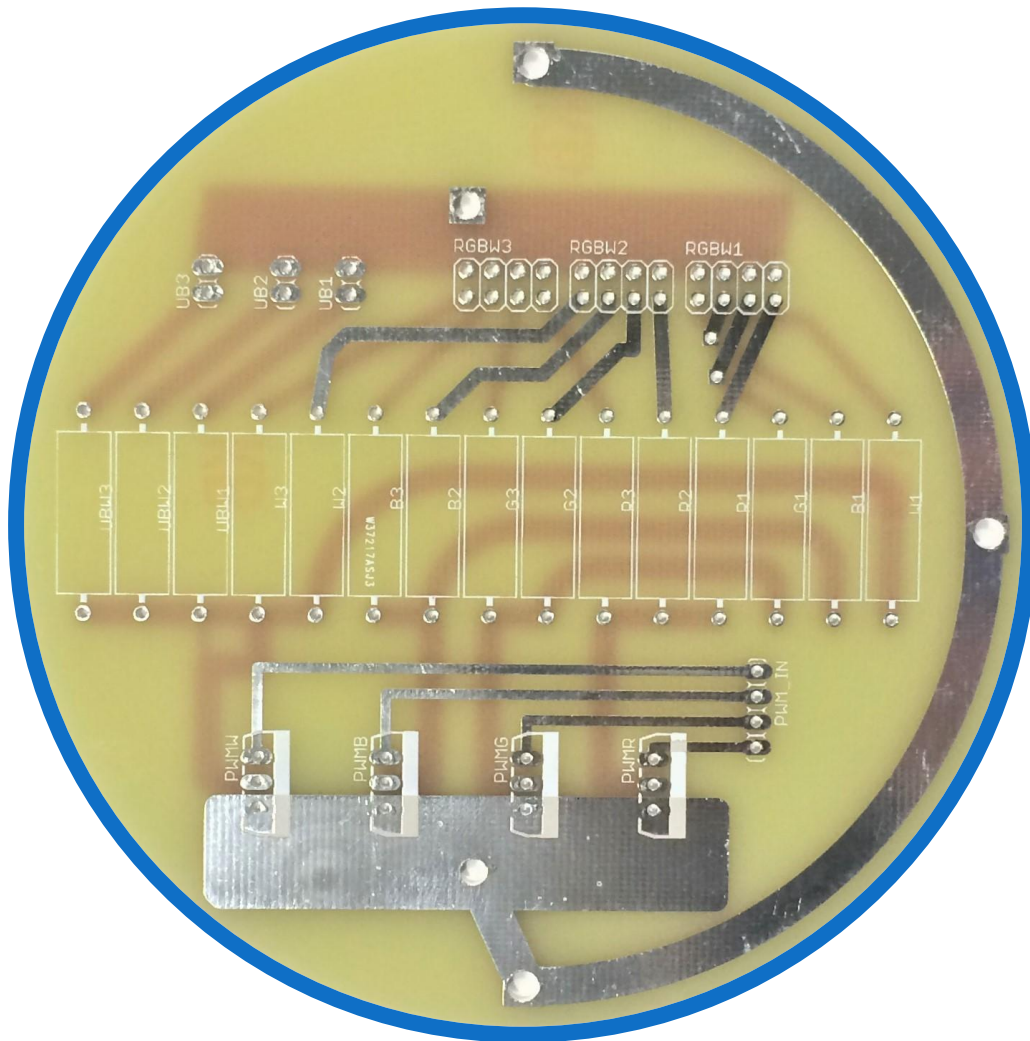
PHYSICAL DESIGN



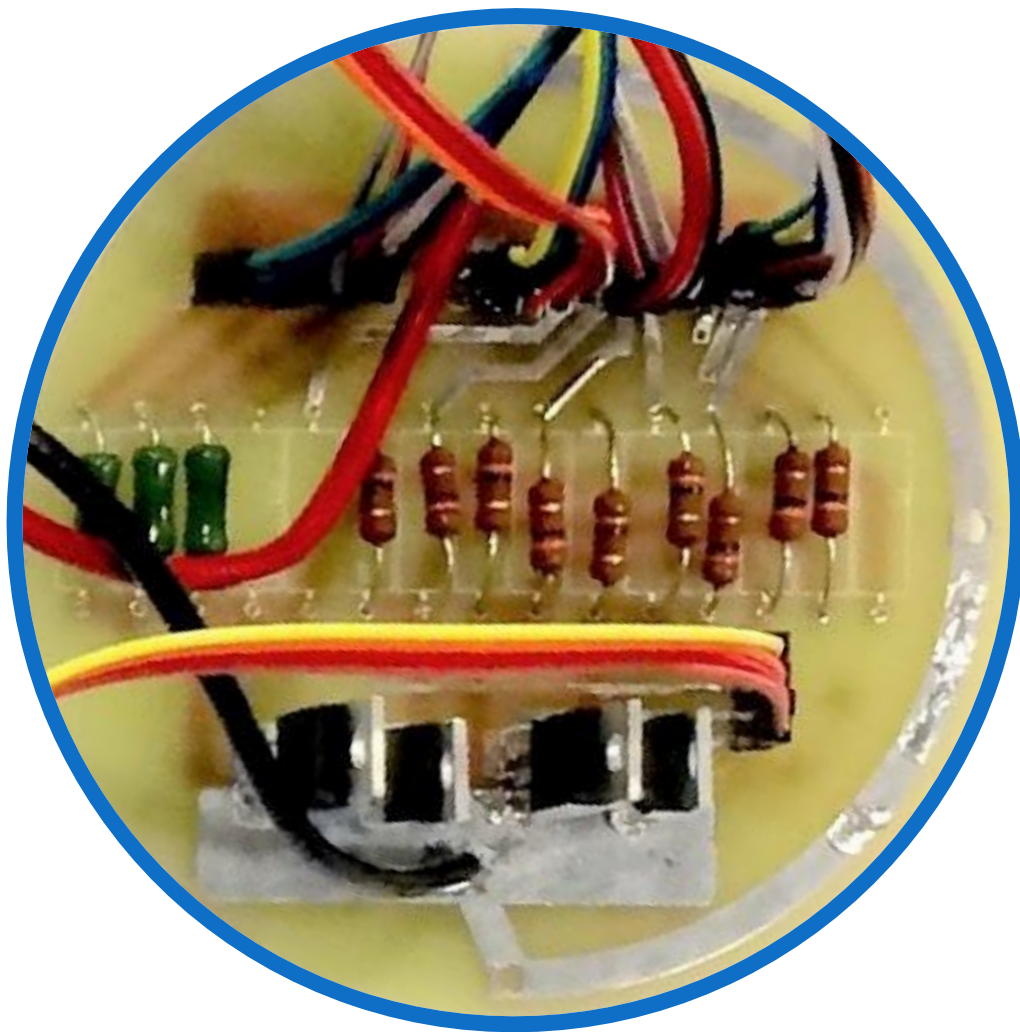
LED CIRCUIT



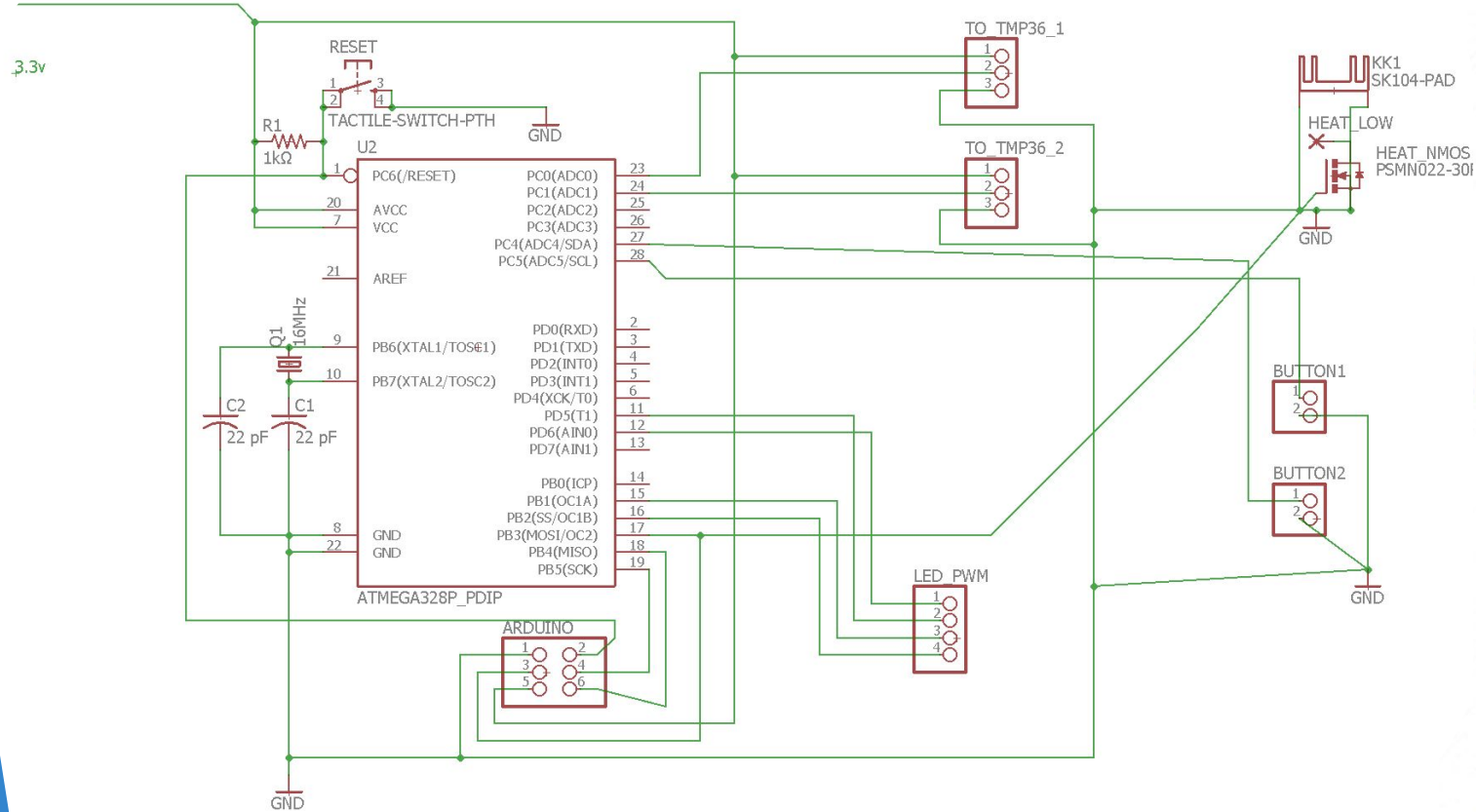
LED PCB



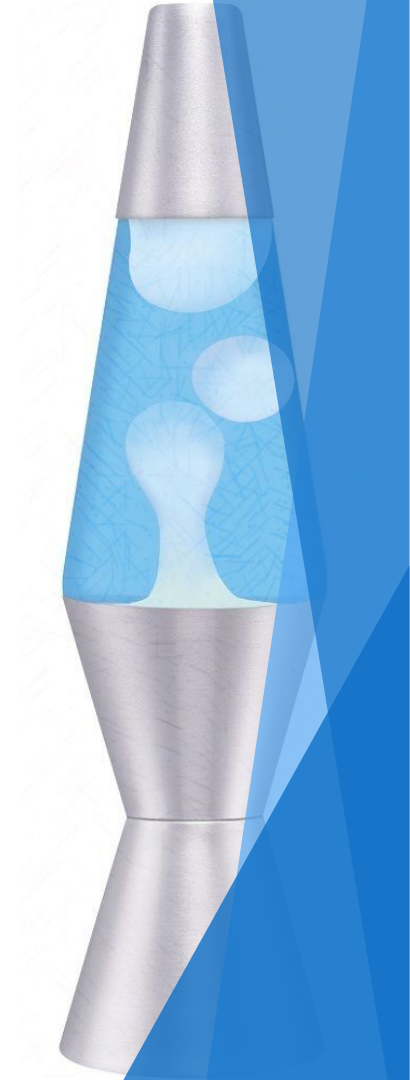
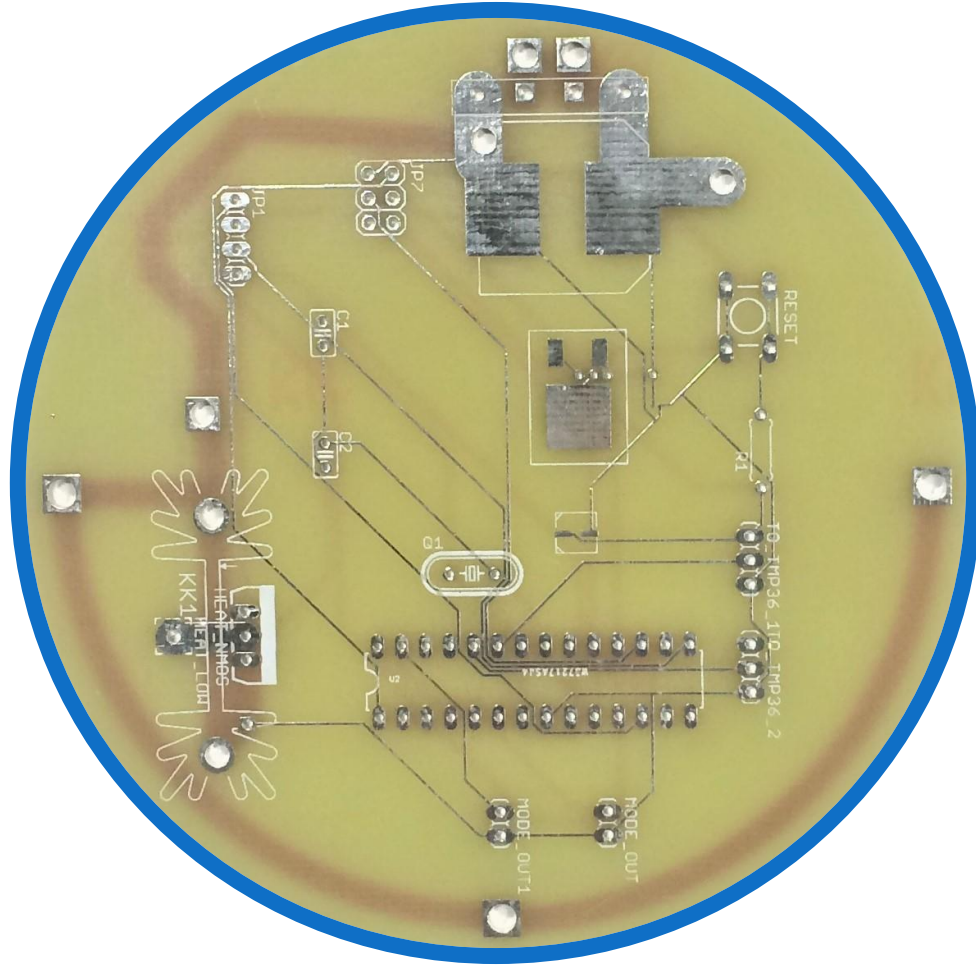
LED PCB



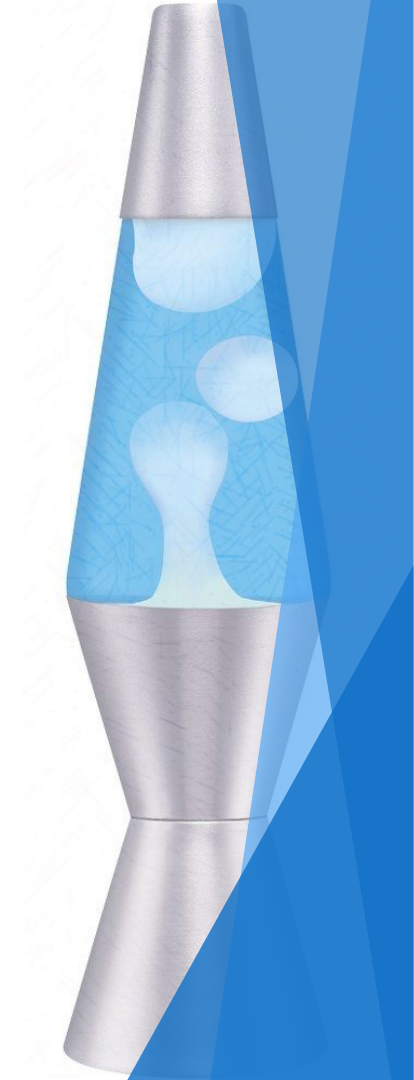
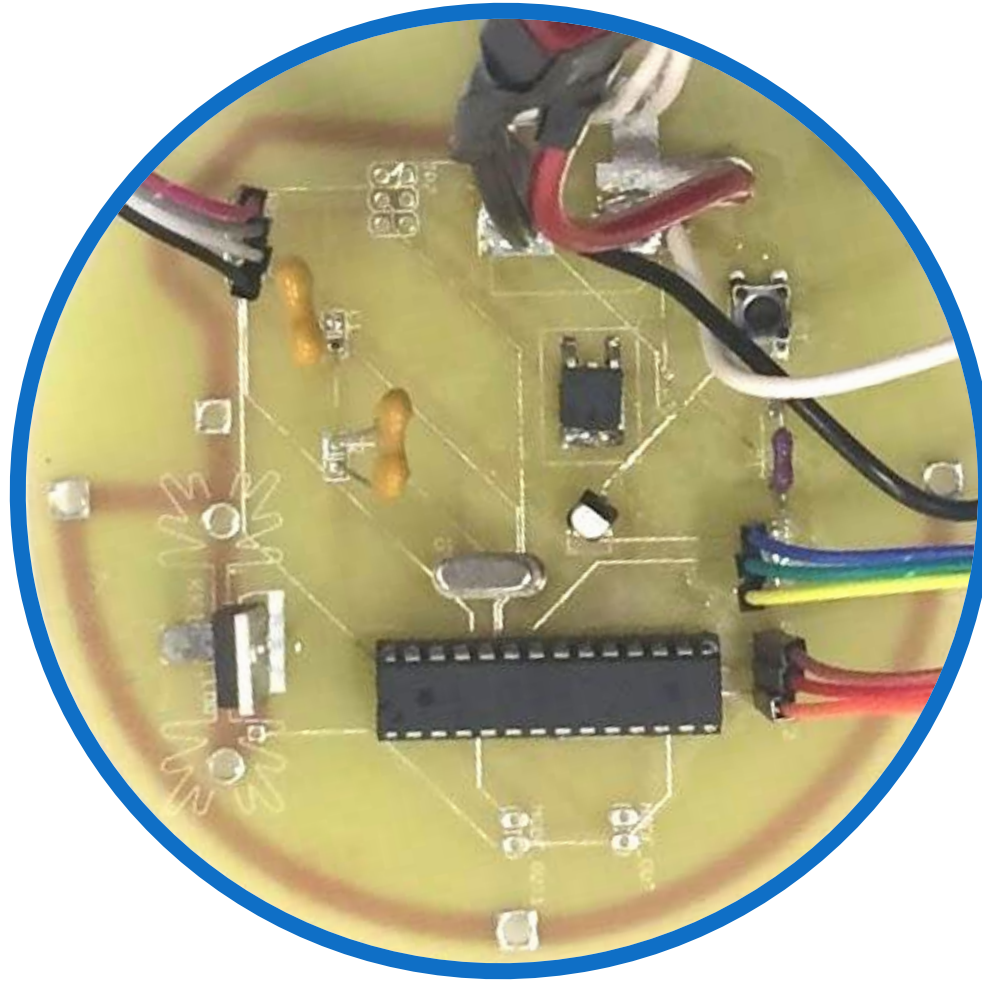
MCU CIRCUIT



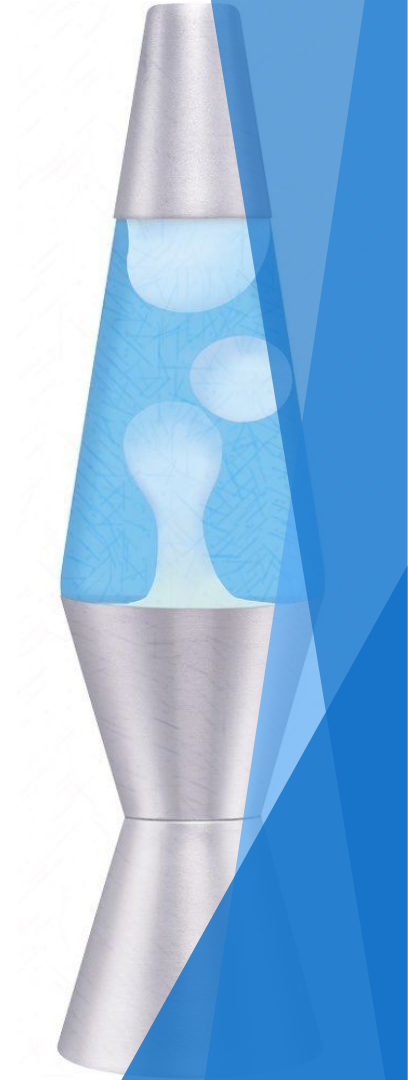
MCU PCB



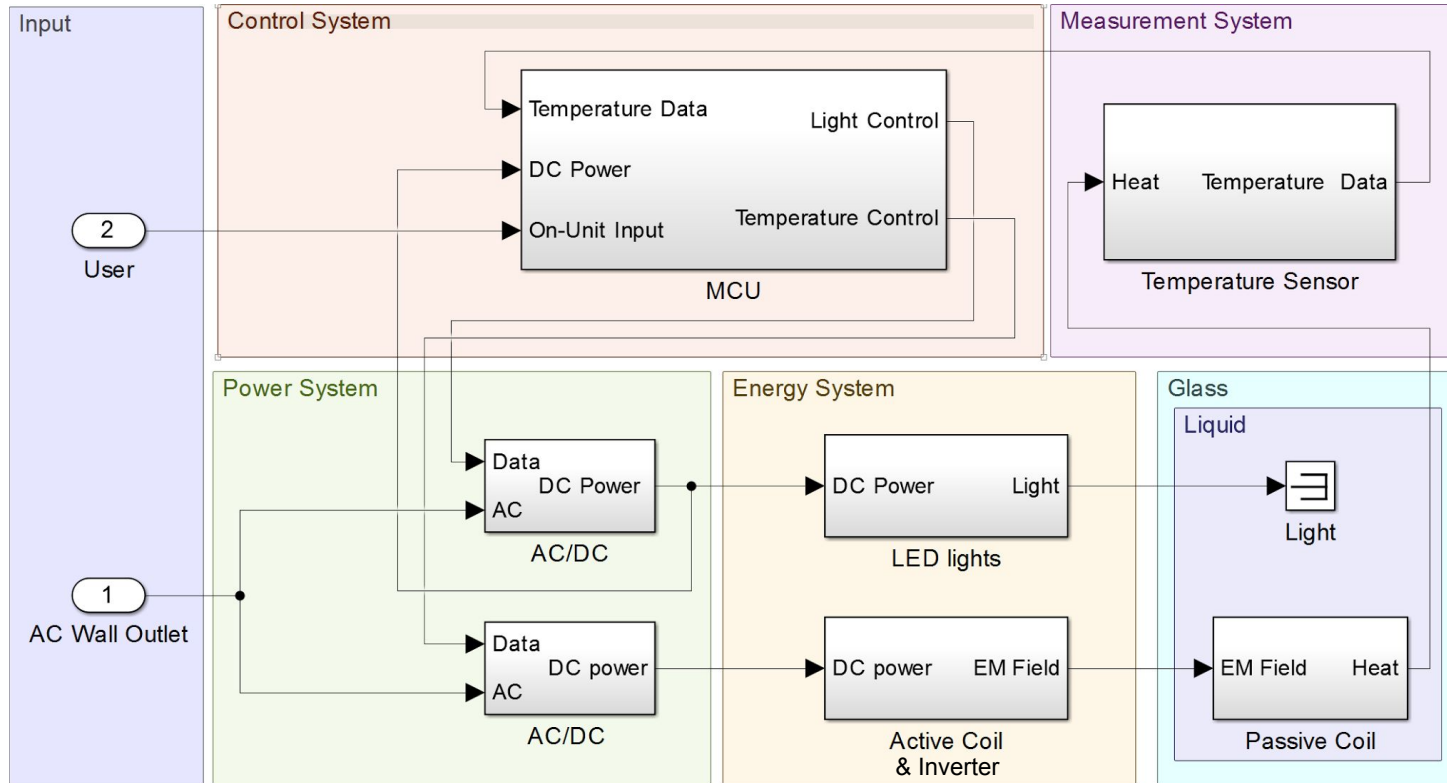
MCU PCB



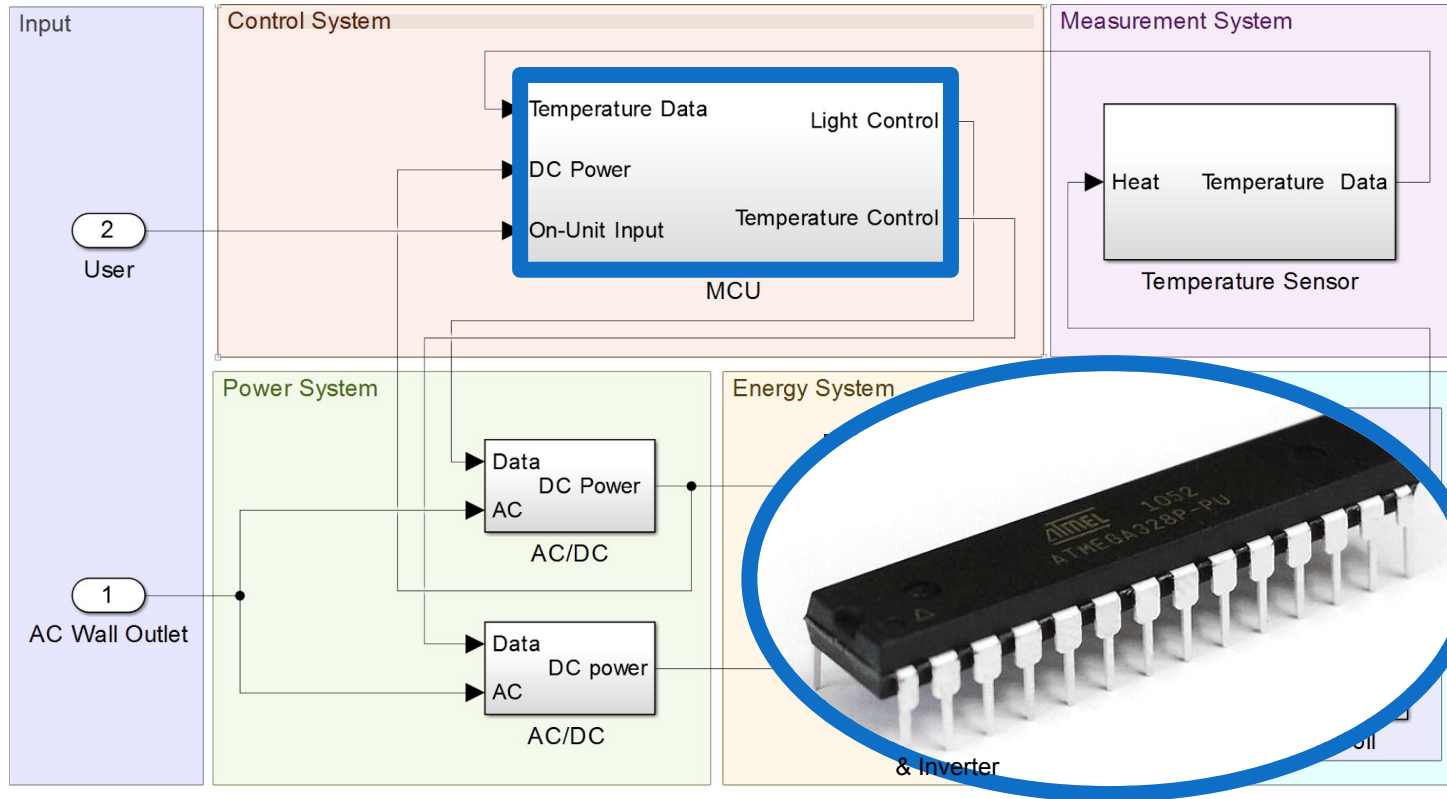
BLOCK DIAGRAM



BLOCK DIAGRAM



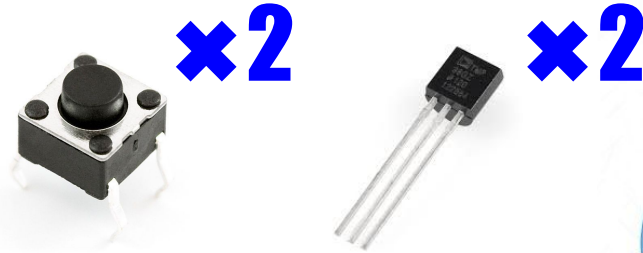
MICROCONTROLLER UNIT (MCU)



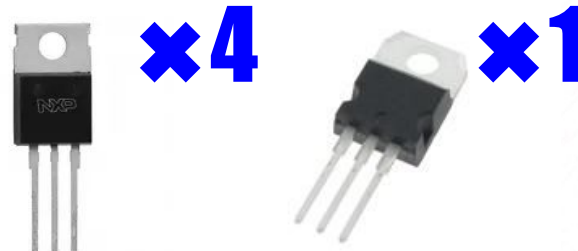
MCU INPUTS & OUTPUTS

PIN	TYPE
Button 1	Input
Button 2	Input
Lava Temperature Sensor	Input
Heat Temperature Sensor	Input
Red LED PWM	Output
Green LED PWM	Output
Blue LED PWM	Output
White LED PWM	Output
Heat Output	Output

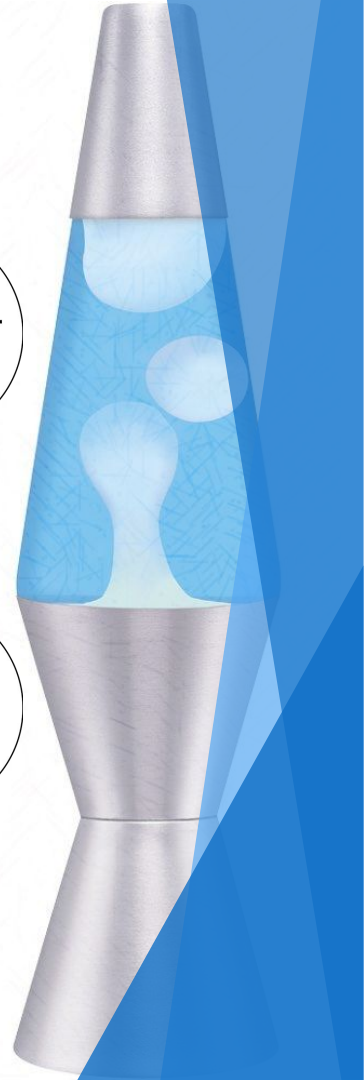
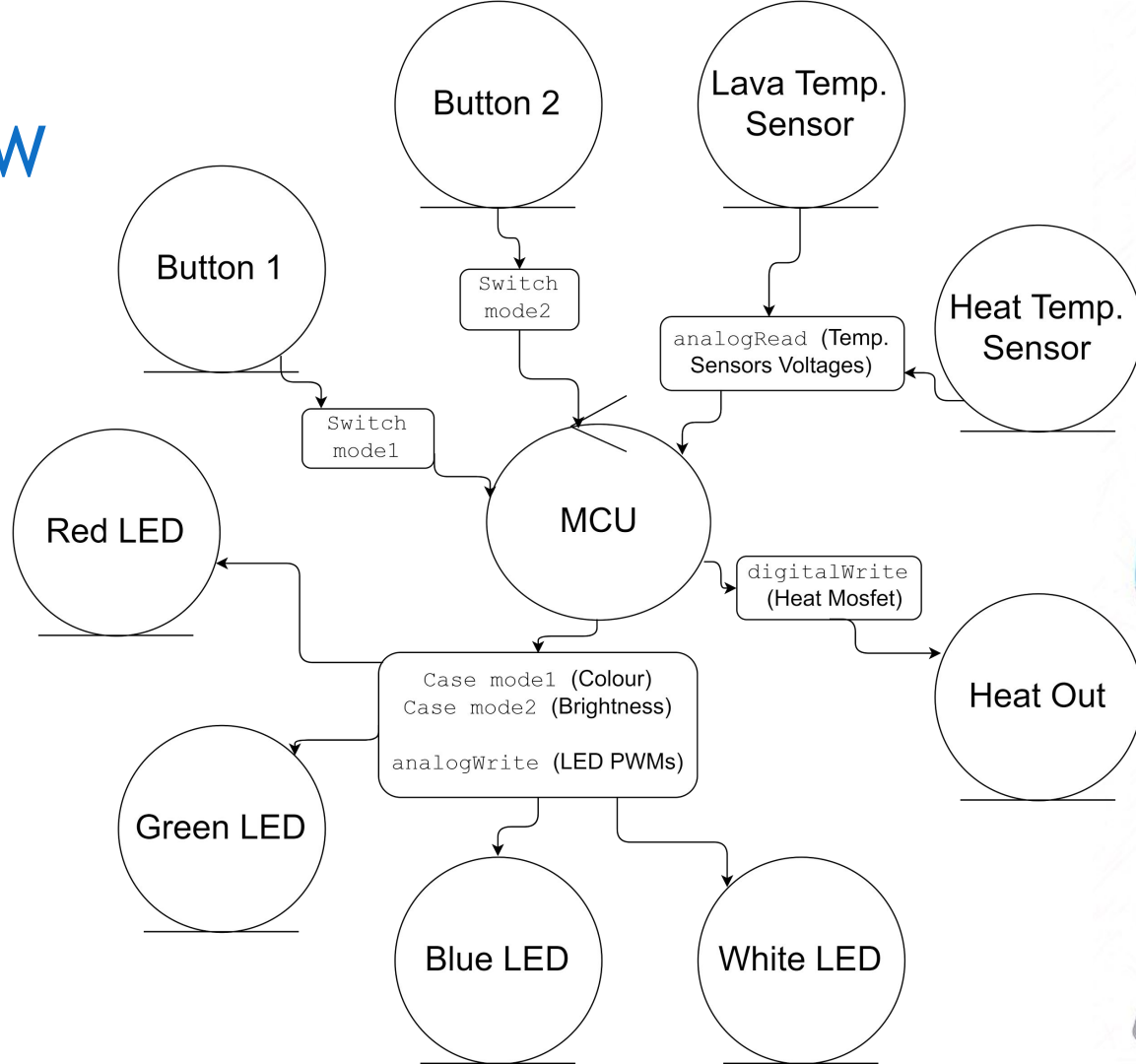
INPUTS:



OUTPUTS:



MCU FLOW CHART



MCU CODE

```
////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////  
//                                                                                                            //  
//                               Main Loop                                                                    //  
//                                                                                                            //  
//////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////  
  
void loop()  
{  
    //Light  
    userInput(); //Read User Input (button1, button2)  
    calcLEDs();  //Calculate LED PWM Signals  
    setLEDs();   //set LED PWM Signals;  
    //Heat  
    tempInput(); //Read Temperature Sensors  
    calcHeat();  //Calculate Heat PWM Signals  
    setHeat();   //Set Heat PWM Signals  
}
```

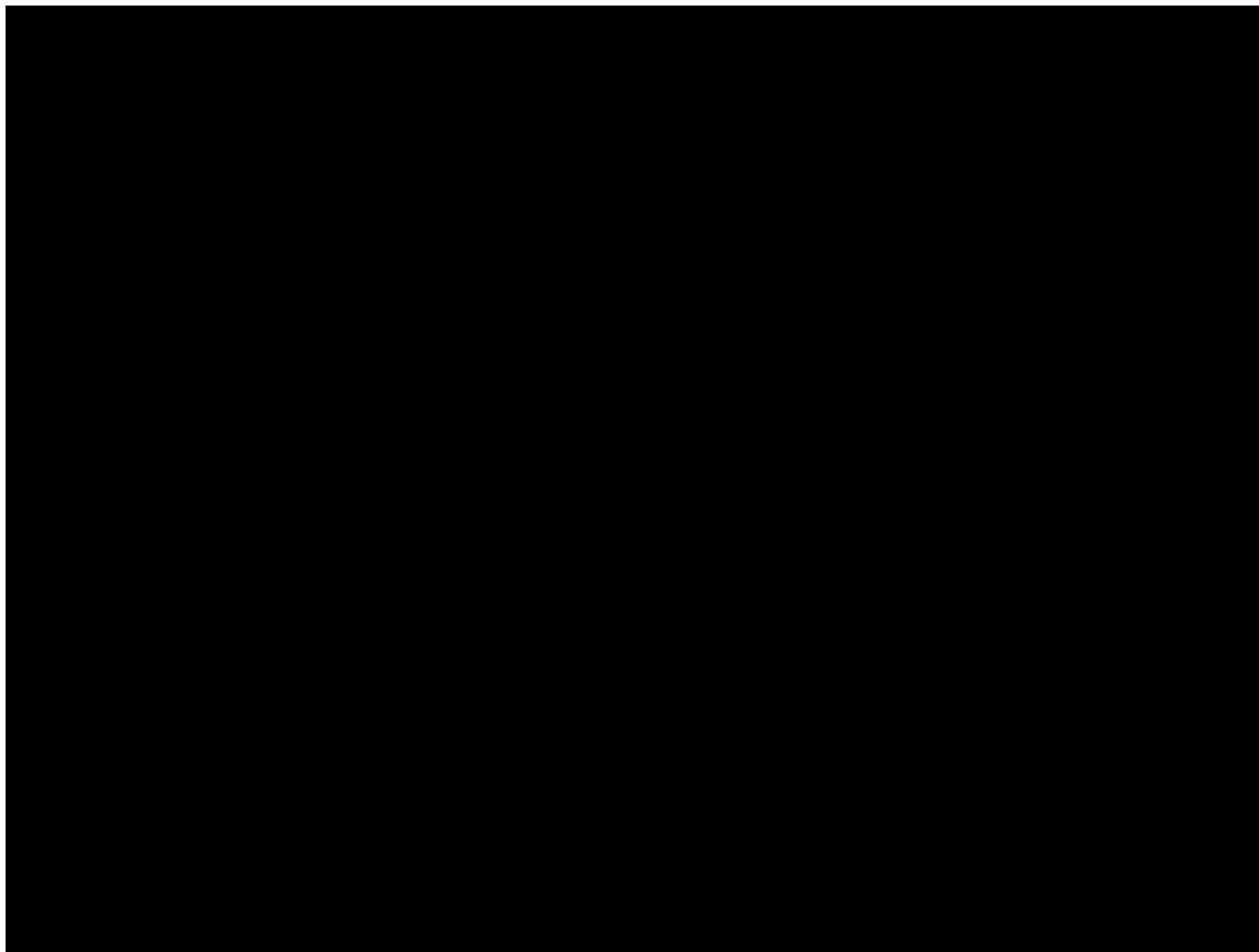


MCU REQUIREMENTS



LED light control



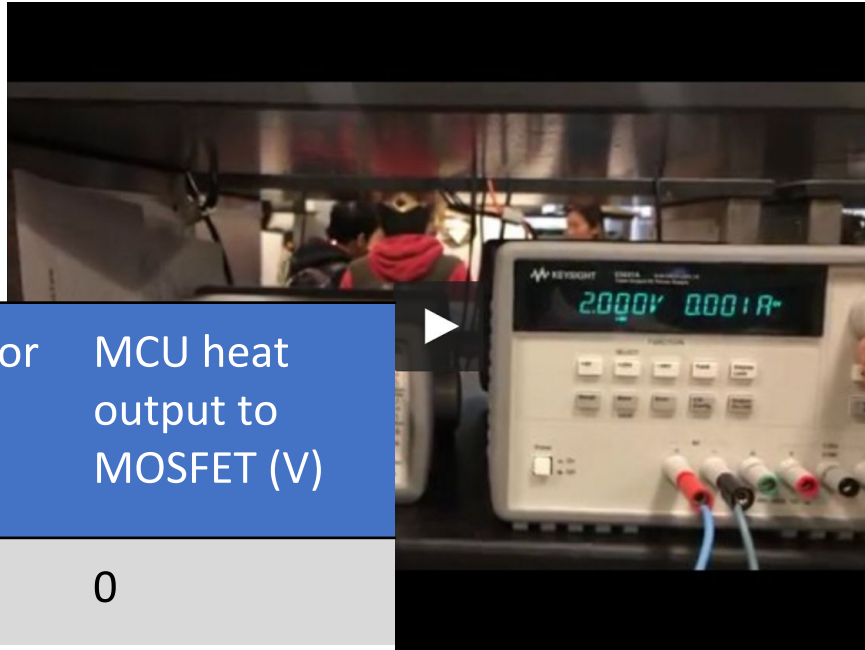


MCU UNIT REQUIREMENTS



Heat control

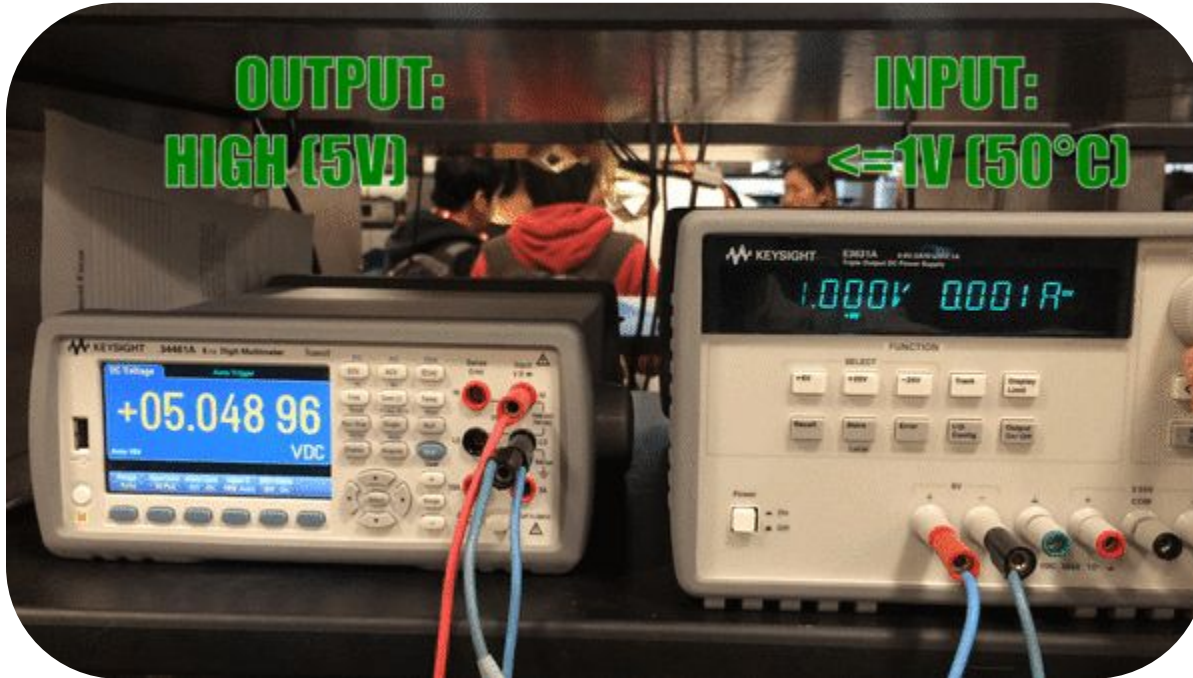
Temperature (°C)	Temp. Sensor Voltage (V)	MCU heat output to MOSFET (V)
>50°C	>1.0	0
<=50°C	<=1.0	5



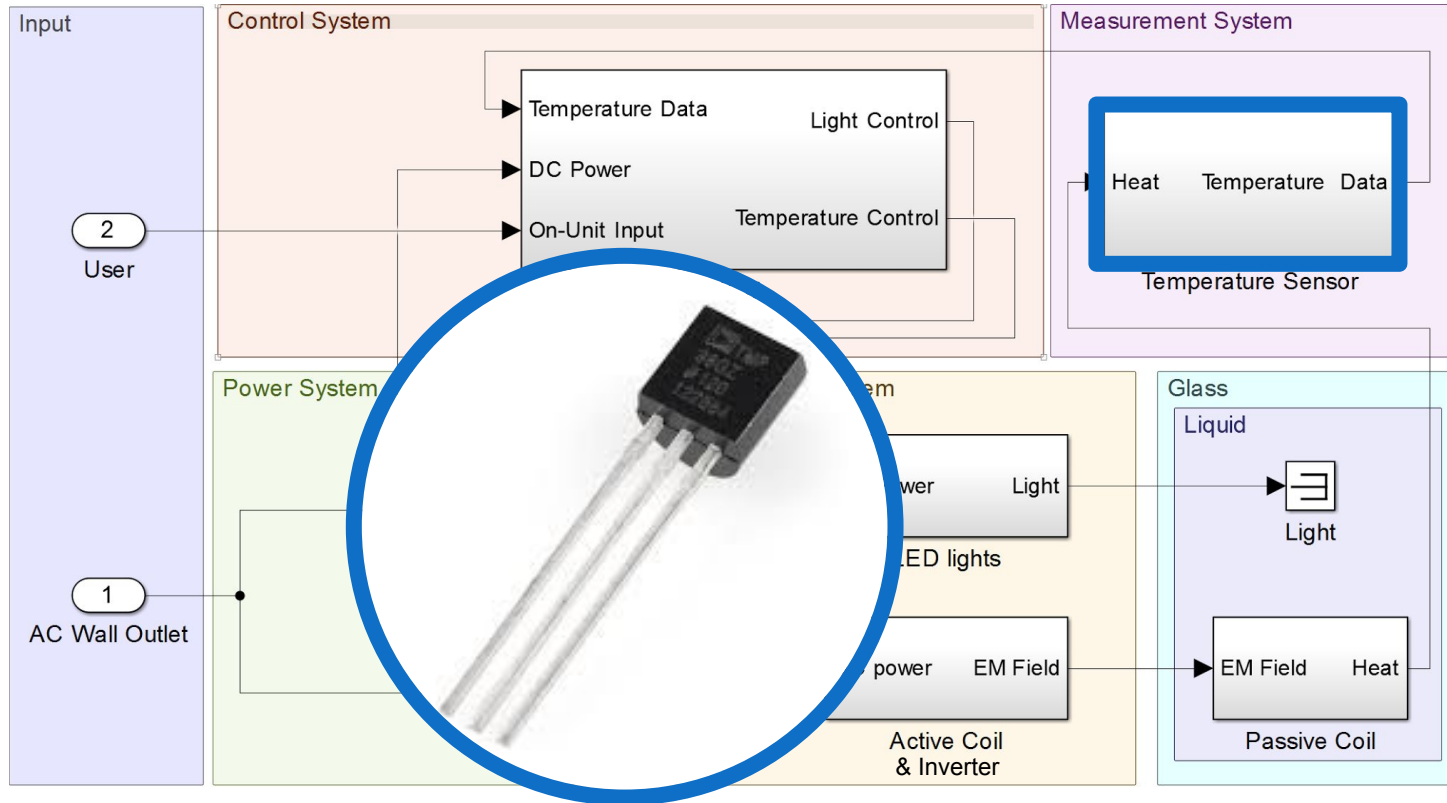
MCU REQUIREMENTS



Heat control



TEMPERATURE SENSORS



TEMPERATURE SENSORS VERIFICATIONS

$$Voltage[V] = 0.75 + (Temperature[^\circ C] - 25) * 0.01$$



Measurement once
every 15 sec.

► TESTED



Output readable by
MCU

► 0.1 to 1.75V
(-40 to 125° C)

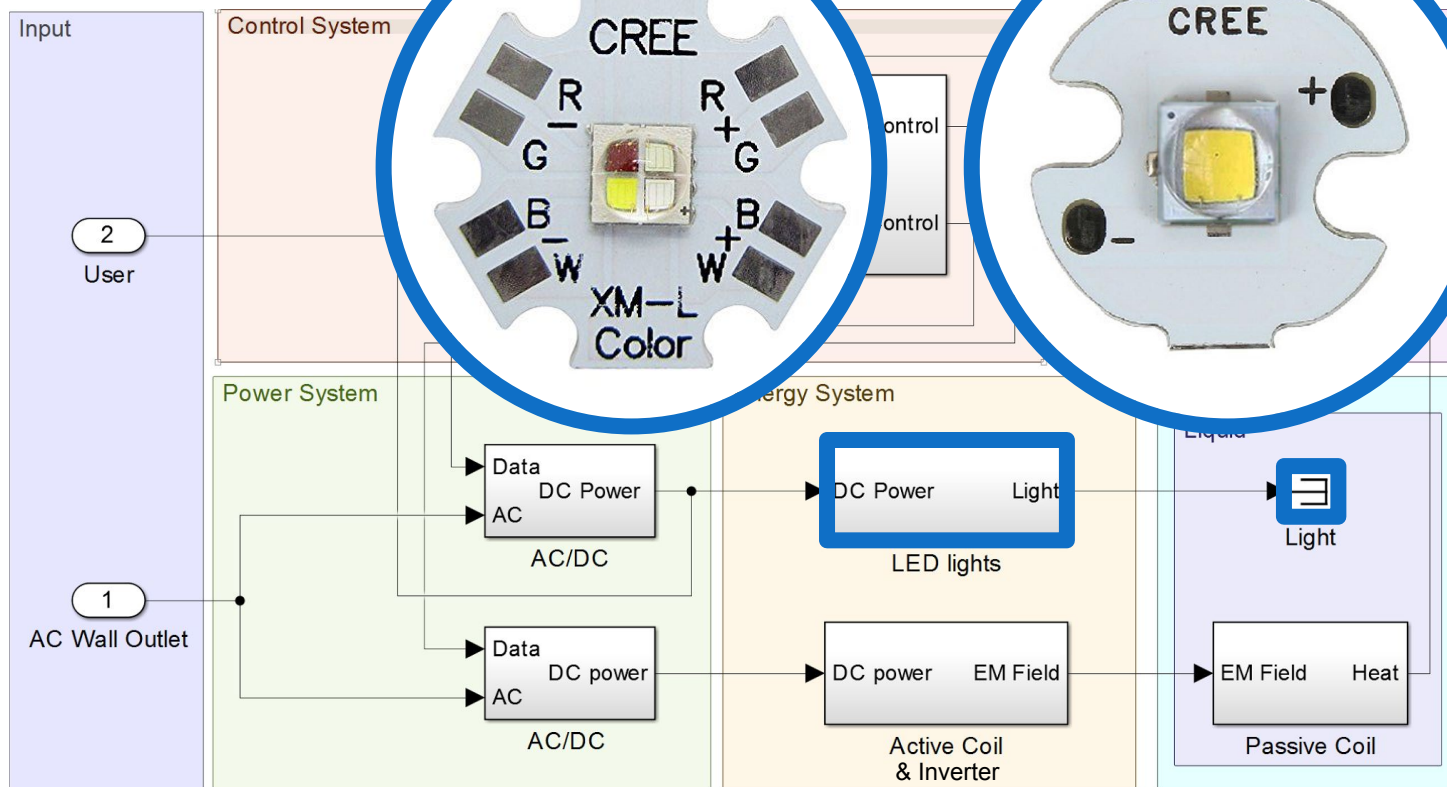


Precision of $\pm 2^\circ C$

► Equivalent to $\pm 0.02V$



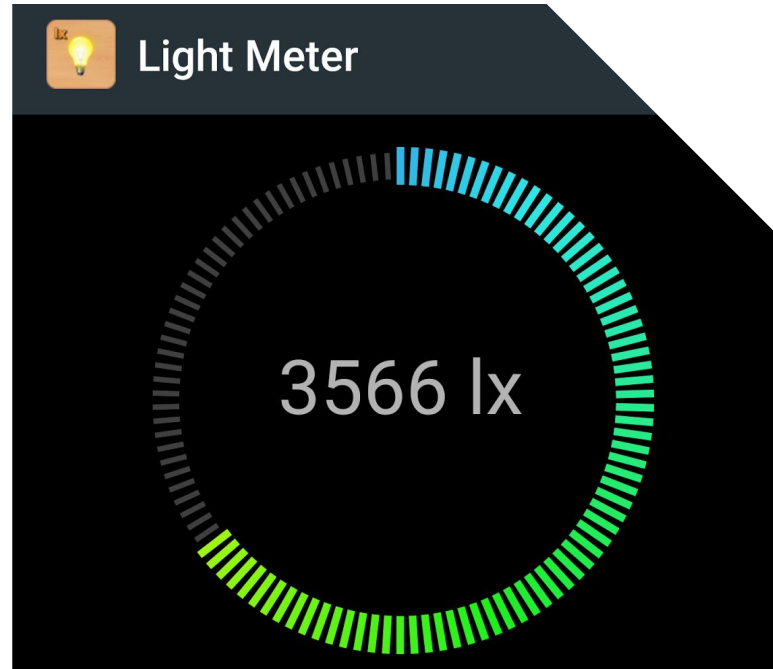
LED CIRCUIT



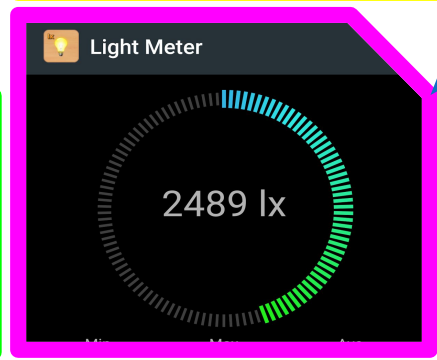
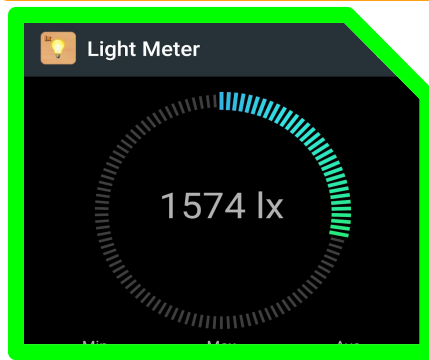
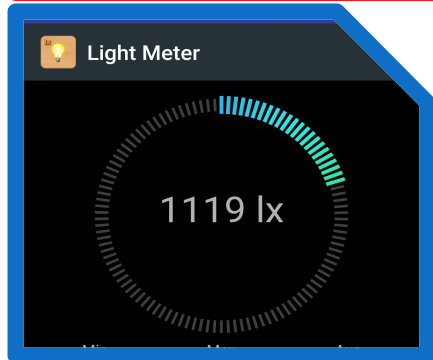
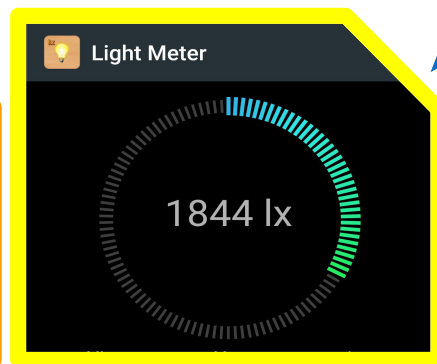
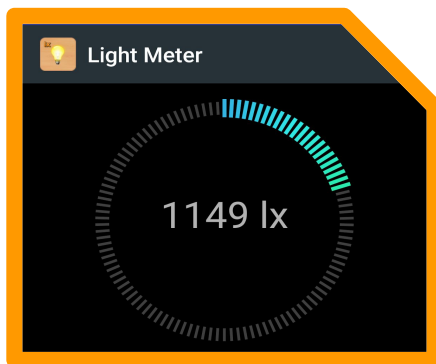
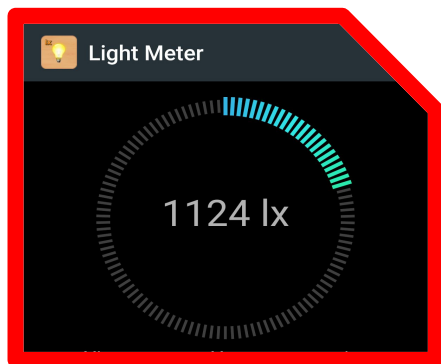
LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS



Produce 3000 lux
1 foot away from
light source



LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS



LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS



Control illuminance at 5
increments



LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS

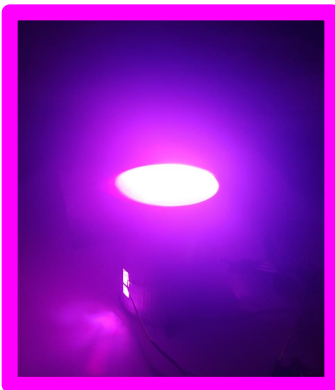
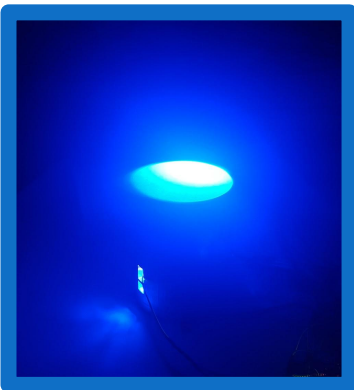
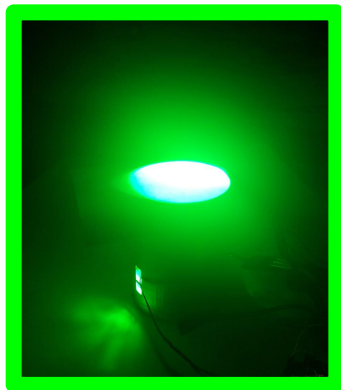
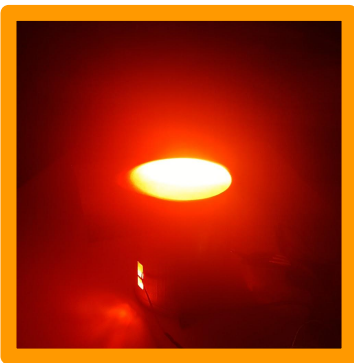
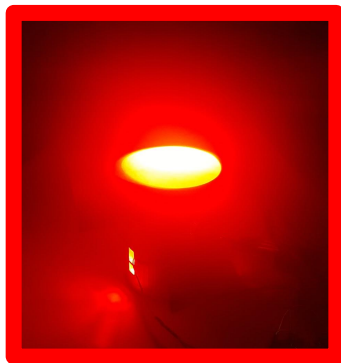


Switch between

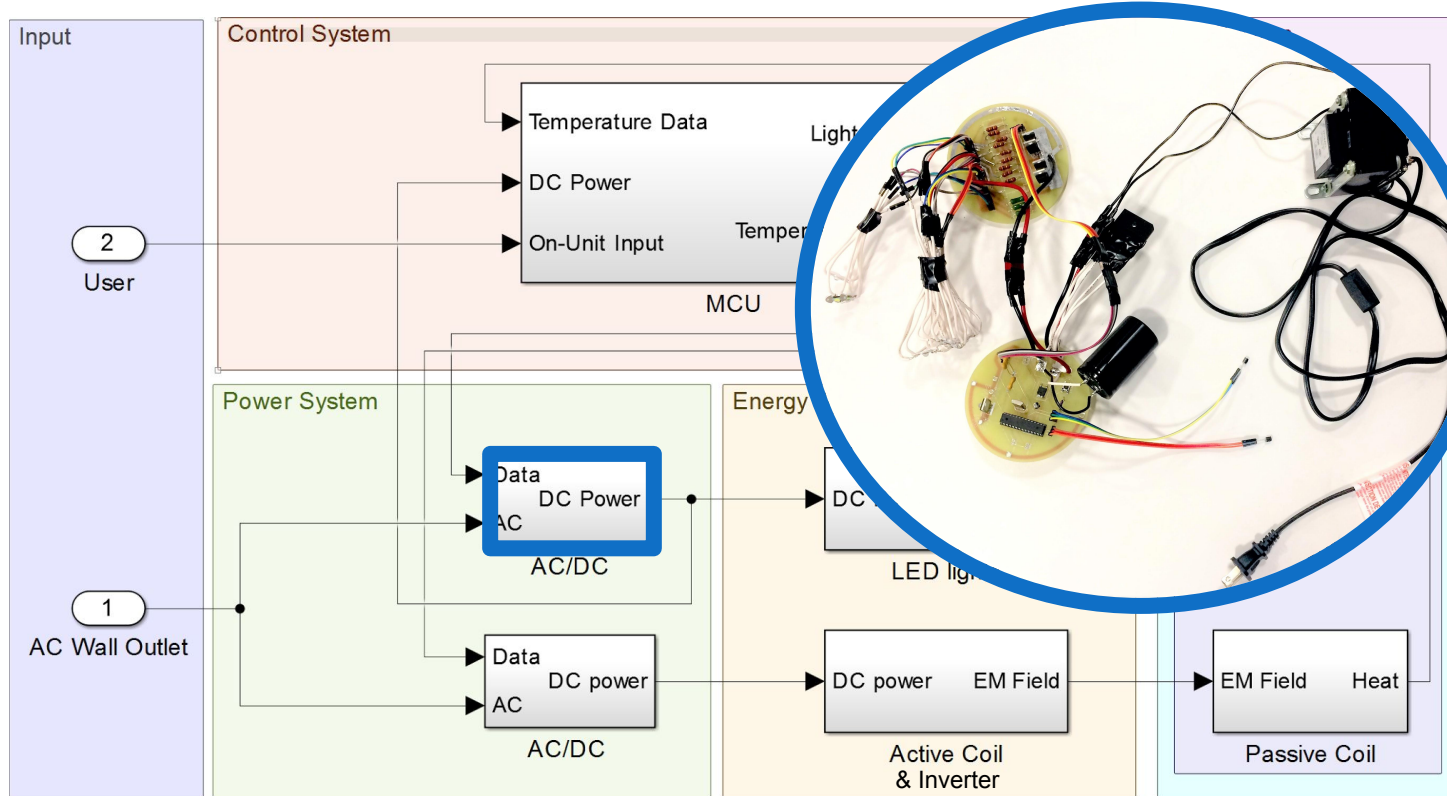
- ▶ Red
- ▶ Orange
- ▶ Yellow
- ▶ Green
- ▶ Blue
- ▶ Violet
- ▶ White



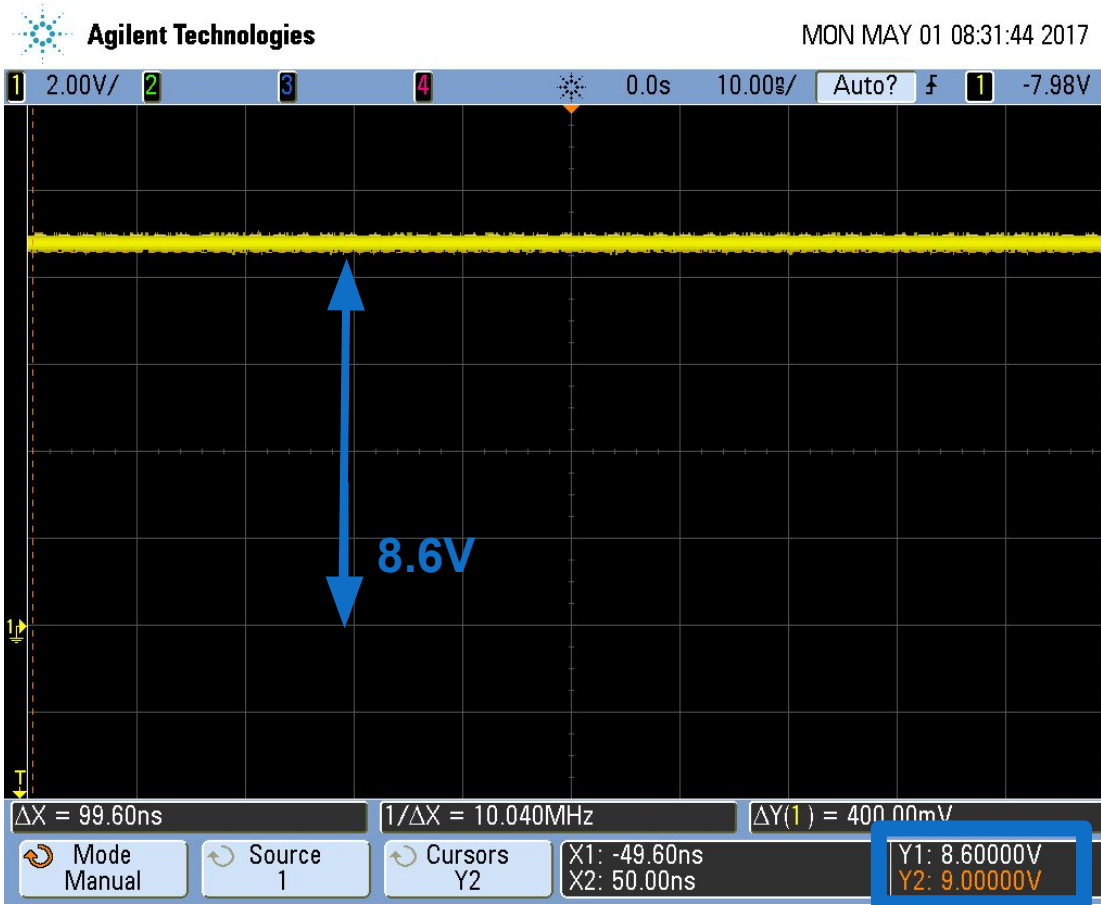
LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS



LED AND MCU POWER CIRCUIT



LED AND MCU POWER REQUIREMENTS



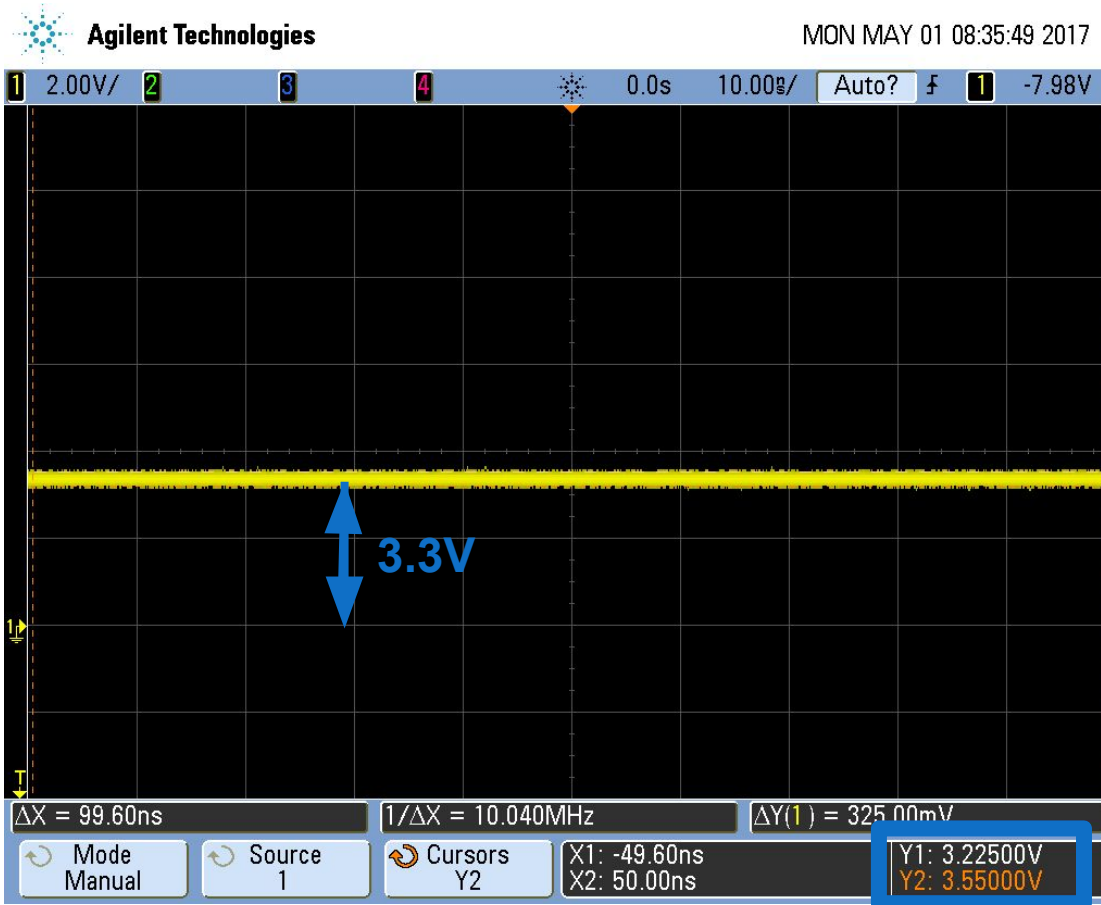
Supply 8.6V

DC to LED

circuit



LED AND MCU POWER REQUIREMENTS



Supply 3.3V

DC to MCU



ADDITIONAL POWER REQUIREMENTS

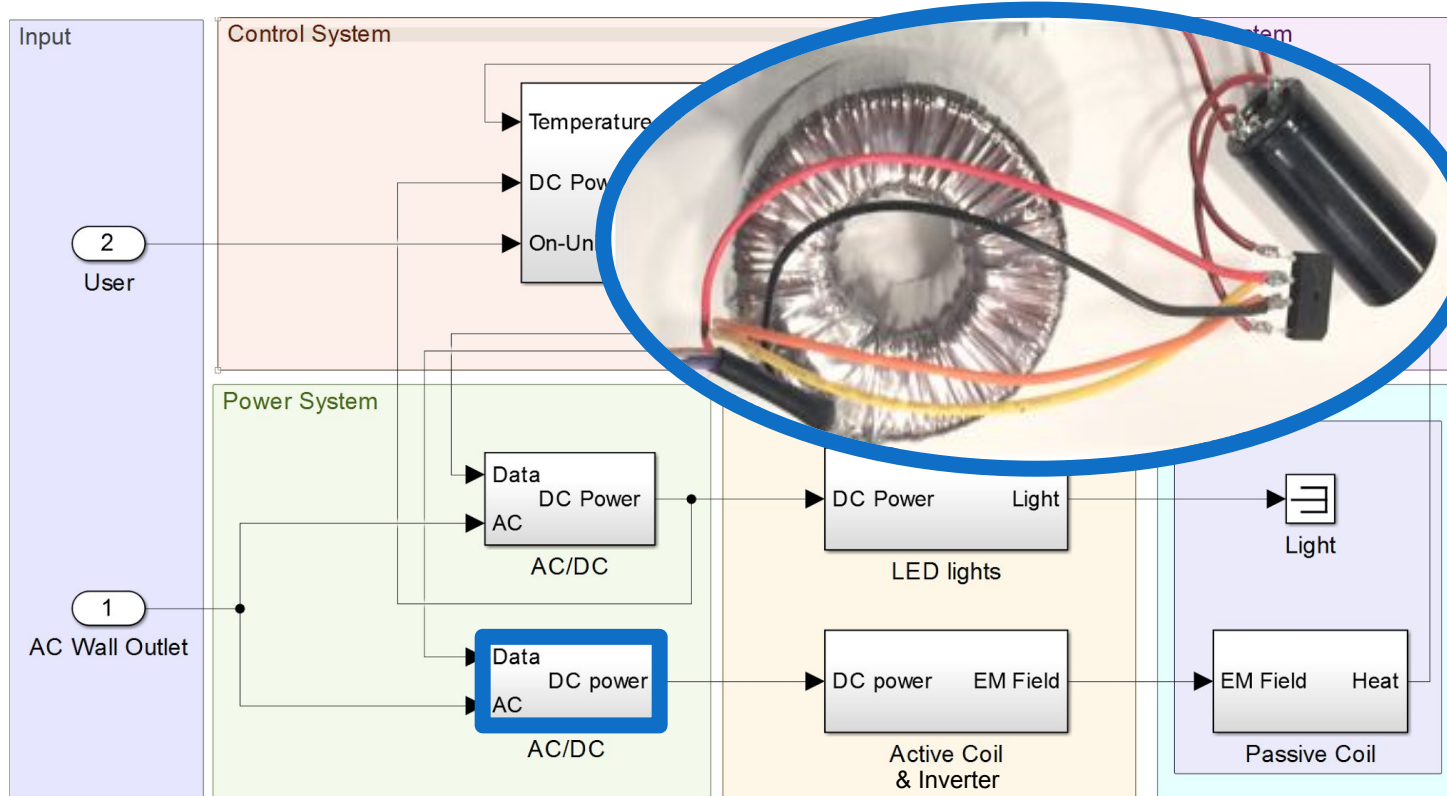


- ▶ LED circuit operates within 10A and 60W

All on	5.11A	12.734W
White	1.8A	5.7W
R/G/B	1.03A	2.55W
O/Y/V	2.1A	5W



INDUCTION POWER CIRCUIT

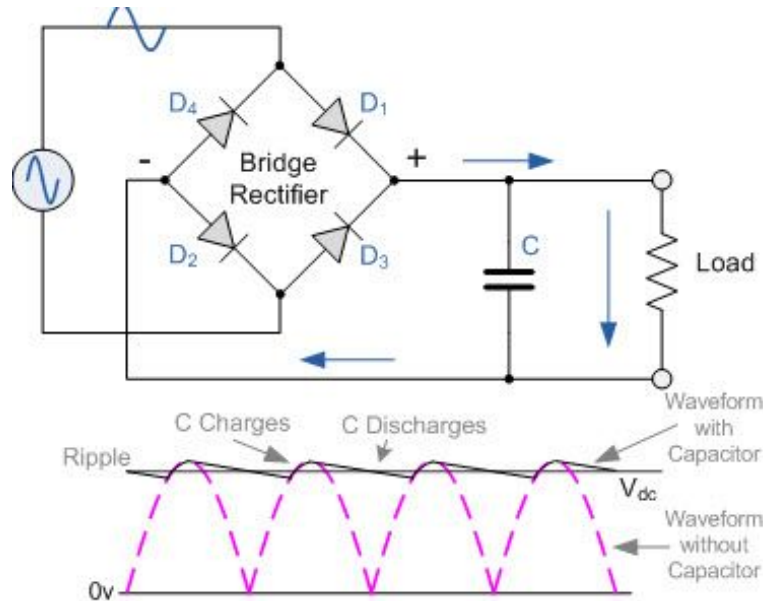


INDUCTION POWER SUPPLY

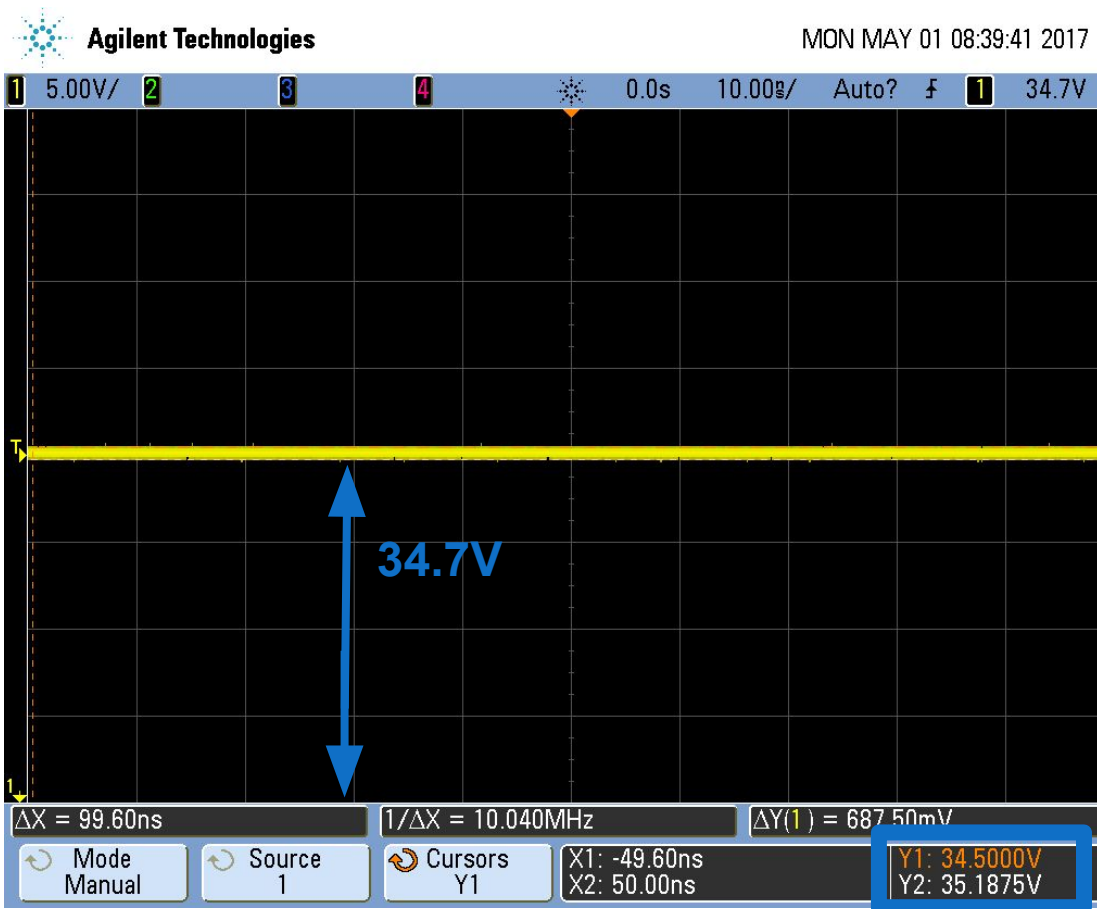
- ▶ 115:24 turn transformer
- ▶ Full-bridge rectifier
- ▶ Filter capacitor
- ▶ Equation for filter cap

value:

$$C = \frac{i t}{\Delta V}$$



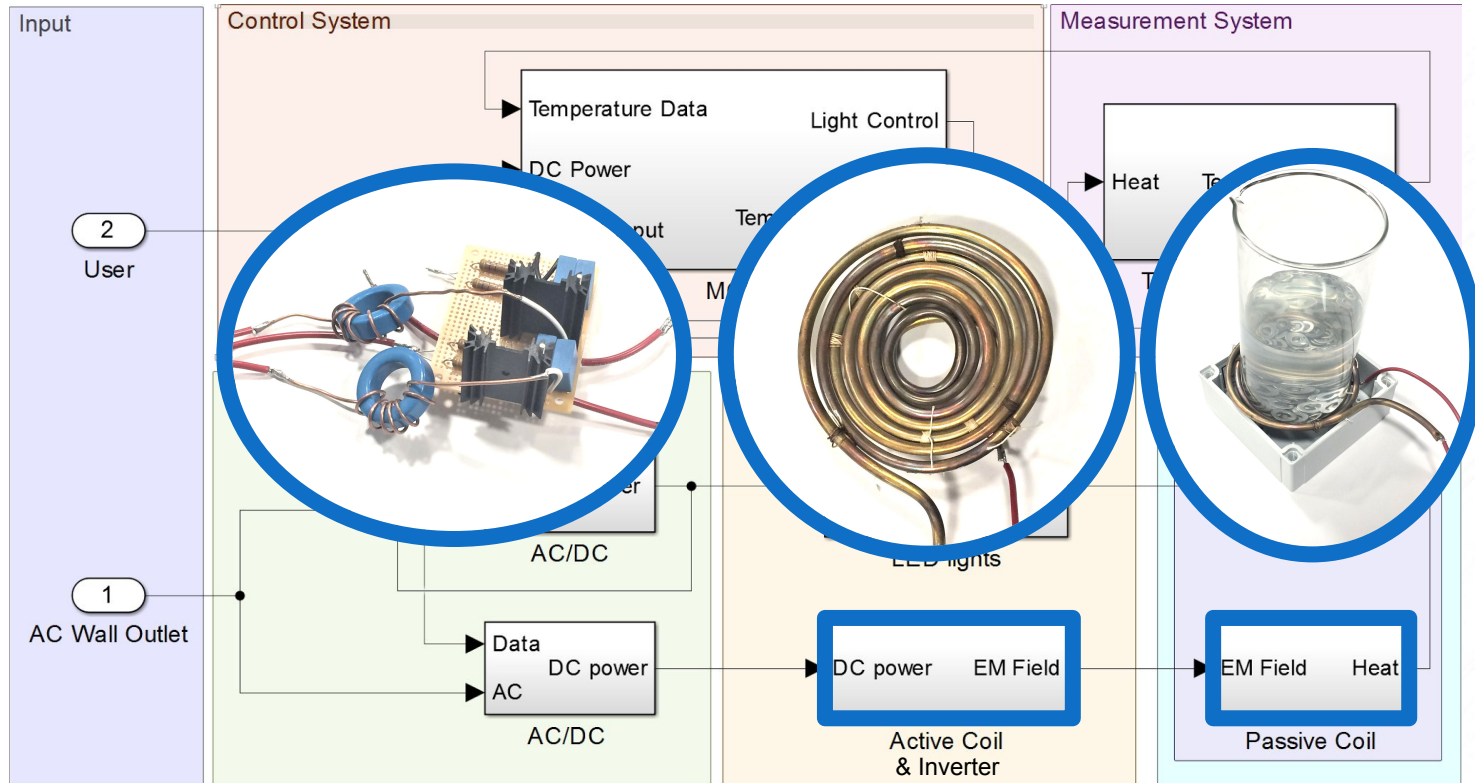
INDUCTION POWER REQUIREMENTS



120V AC to
34V DC



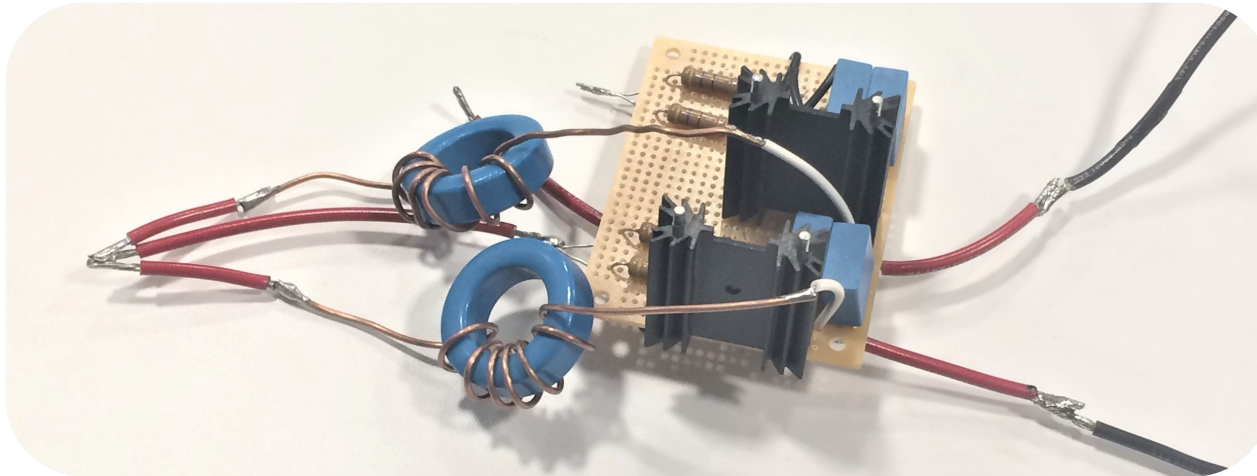
INDUCTION



HAND-BUILT INDUCTION DRIVER

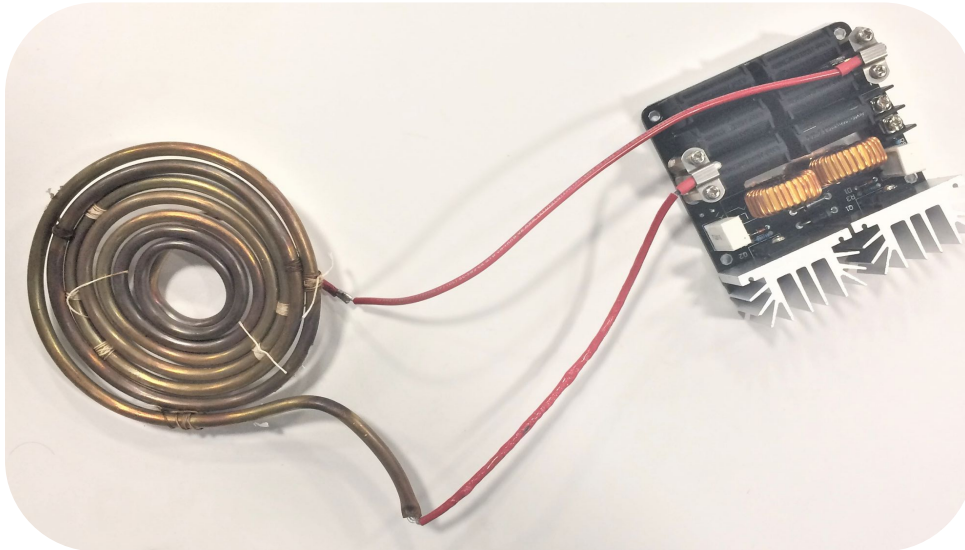
- ▶ Built as a ZVS driver
- ▶ Frequency determined by:
- ▶ Damaged MOSFETS prevented further testing

$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}$$

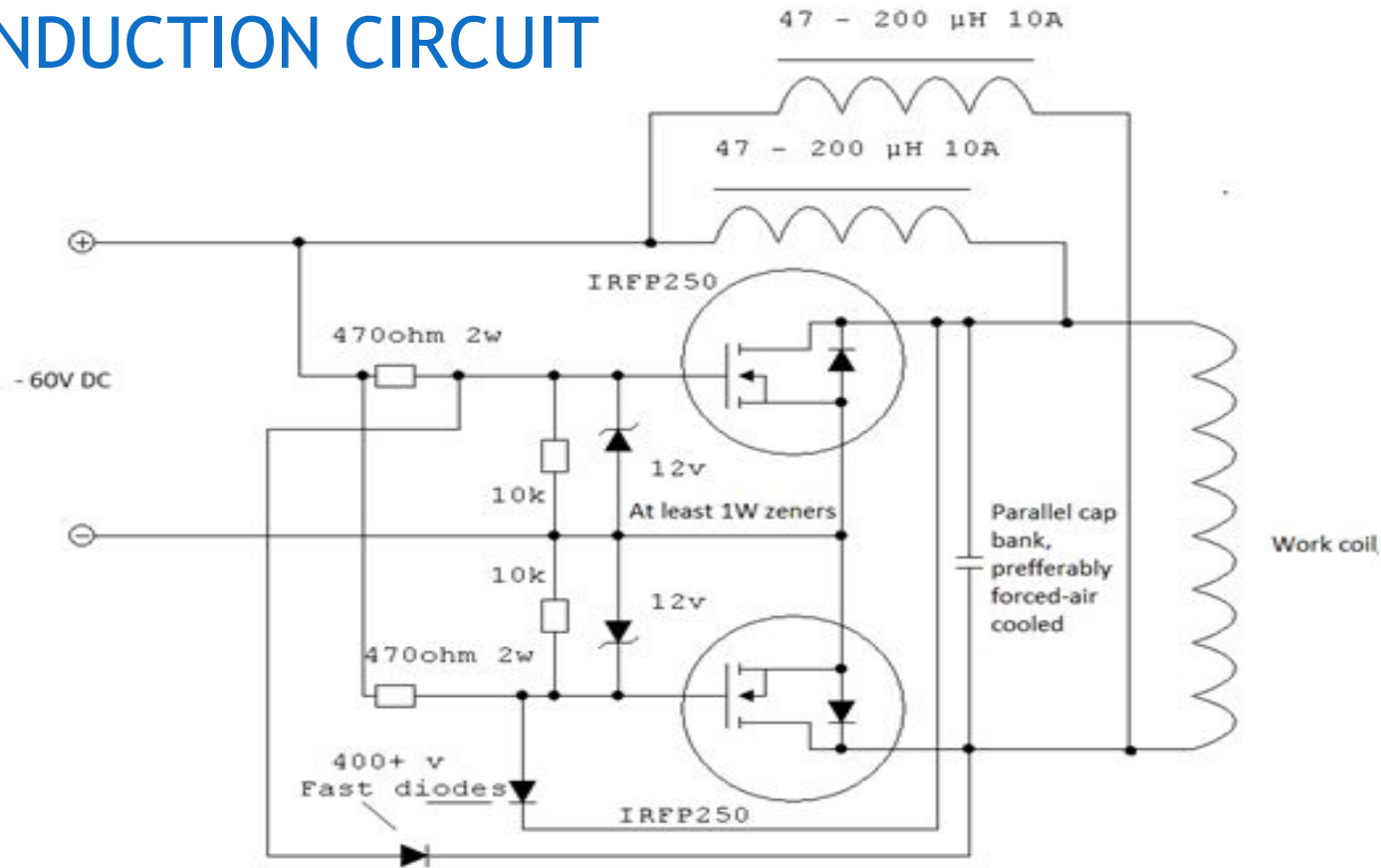


PRE-BUILT INDUCTION DRIVER

- ▶ Same basic design as hand built driver
- ▶ Built more robustly (capable of producing 1000W)
- ▶ Used to conduct induction tests



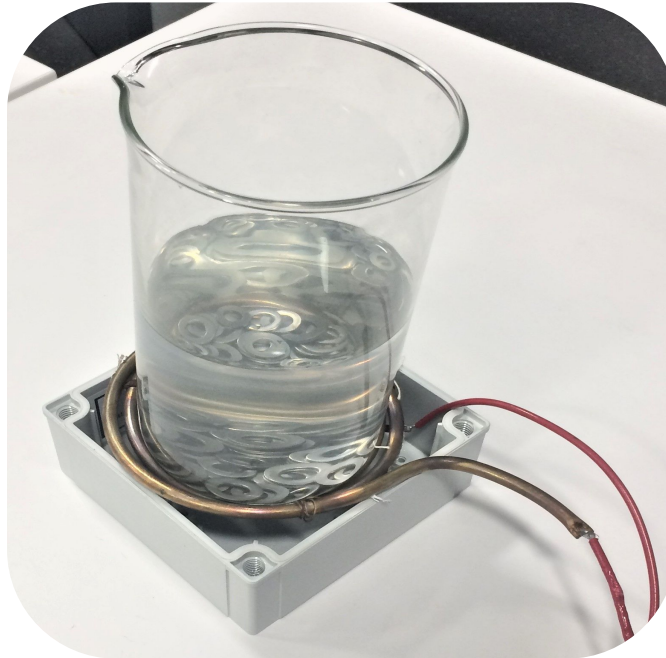
INDUCTION CIRCUIT



INDUCTION REQUIREMENTS



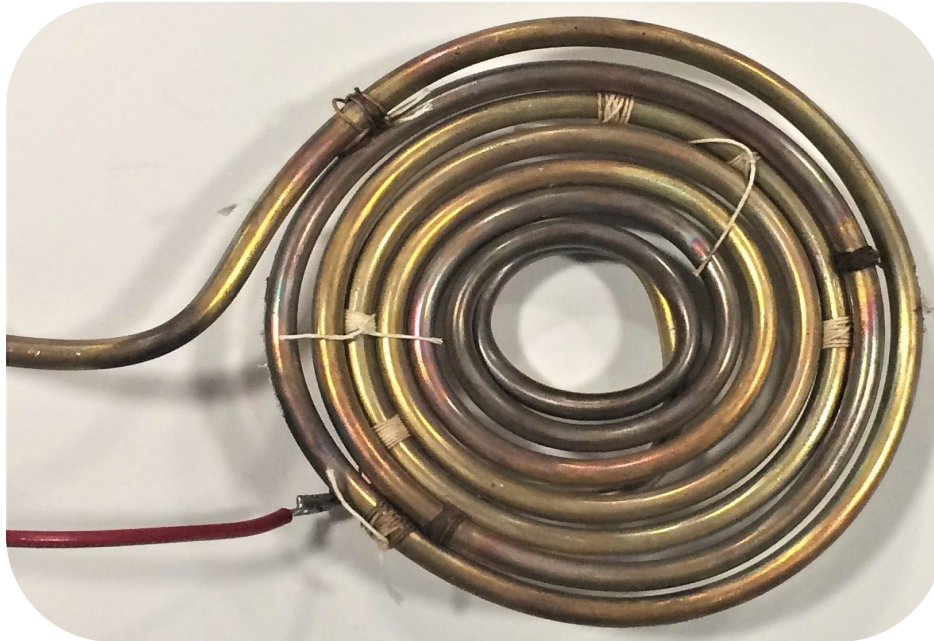
Heat water to 50°C within 10 minutes



INDUCTION REQUIREMENTS



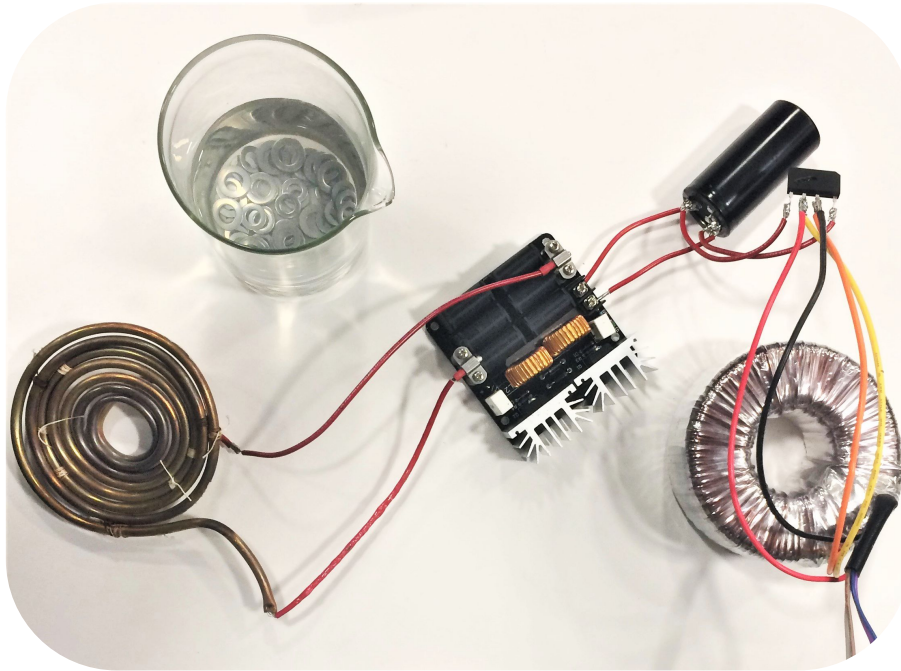
Make sure active coil does not exceed 44°C



INDUCTION REQUIREMENTS



Surface temperature of glass does not exceed 44°C



CONCLUSIONS



OPERATION → 50° C within 10 minutes



BRIGHTNESS → 3000 lux at 1ft



CONTROL → 7 Colours, 5 Brightnesses



SAFETY → 45° C outside the globe



FUTURE WORK

- ▶ Integration of components into one working unit:
 - Power supplies
 - PCBs
- ▶ Better active coil to prevent overheat
 - Research in coils
- ▶ Updated physical design



Thanks
Everybody!

Questions

