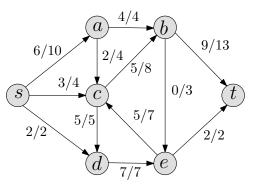
CS 473: Fundamental Algorithms, Fall 2011

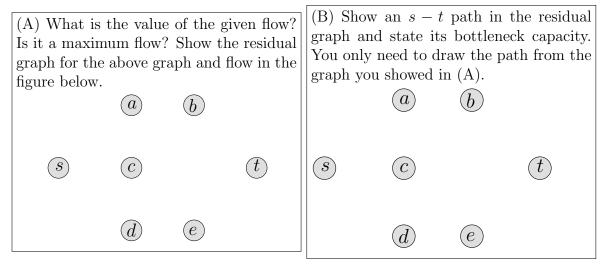
Discussion 10

March 25, 2011

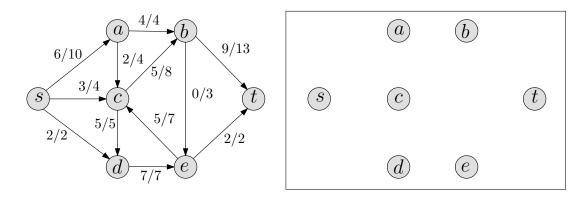
10.1 GO WITH THE FLOW.

The figure on the right shows a flow network along with a flow. In the figure, the notation α/β for an edge means that the flow on the edge is α and the capacity of the edge is β .





(C) Show the new flow on the *original* graph after augmenting on the path you found in (b). Use the notation a/b to indicate the flow on an edge and its capacity.



(D) What is the capacity of a minimum-cut in the given graph? Find a cut with that capacity.

10.2 RESIDUAL GRAPH PROPERTIES.

Prove the following property about residual graphs:

Claim 10.1 Let f be a flow in G and G_f be the residual graph. If f' is a flow in G_f , then f'' = f + f' is a flow in G of value v(f) + v(f').

Here, for each edge e = (u, v) in G_f , if e is a forward edge, then f''(e) = f(e) + f'(e). If e is a backward edge, then let e' = (v, u) and define f''(e') = f(e') - f'(e).

10.3 CAPACITIES ON NODES.

In a standard s-t maximum flow problem, we assume that edges have capacities, and there is no limit on how much flow is allowed to pass through a node. In this problem, we consider the variant where nodes have capacities.

Let G = (V, E) be a directed graph with source s and sink t. Let $c : V \to \Re^+$ be a capacity function. Recall that a flow f assigns a flow value f(e) to each edge e. A flow f is *feasible* if the total flow into every vertex v is at most c(v):

 $f^{\rm in}(v) \le c(v)$ for every vertex v.

Design a polynomial time algorithm that finds a feasible s - t flow of maximum value in G.

10.4 CAPACITATION, YEH, YEH, YEH. Suppose you are given a directed graph G = (V, E), with a positive integer capacity c_e on each edge e, a designated source $s \in V$, and a designated sink $t \in V$. You are also given a maximum *s*-*t* flow in *G*, defined by a flow value f_e on each edge e. You can assume the flow is integral. The flow $\{f_e\}$ is *acyclic*: There is no cycle in *G* on which all edges carry positive flow.

Now suppose we pick a specific edge $e^* \in E$ and reduce its capacity by 1 unit. Show how to find a maximum flow in the resulting capacitated graph in time O(m + n), where m is the number of edges in G and n is the number of nodes.