

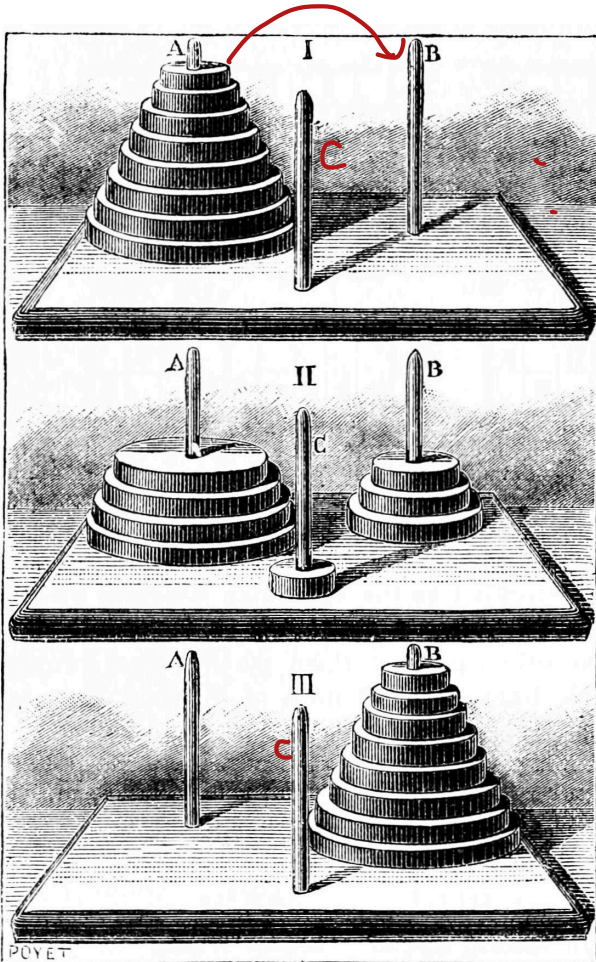
HWS - Tue
GPSS - Mon

MT1 + solns posted tomorrow AM

Every group submits own work

Algorithms:

INDUCTIVE
RECURSION = MAGIC



Lucas (1887)

Tower of Hanoi

Move smallest disk on one peg to another

Never move larger disk on top of smaller disk

Move n disks from A to B (via C)

if $n \geq 1$

- Move $n-1$ disks from A to C (via B)
- Move disk n from A to B
- Move $n-1$ disks from B to C (via A)



A C B
Correctness by induction

Let $T(n) = \#$ moves to solve n -disk Hanoi

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n = 0 \\ 2T(n-1) + 1 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| n | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| $T(n)$ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 15 | 31 | 63 |

dynamic programming

$$T(n) = 2^n - 1 ?$$

Proof: $n=0 \quad 2^0 - 1 = 0 \checkmark$
 $n \geq 1$

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= 2T(n-1) + 1 \\ &= 2(2^{n-1} - 1) + 1 \quad \text{IH} \\ &= 2^n - 1 \quad \text{math} \quad \text{D} \end{aligned}$$

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Input: | S | O | R | T | I | N | G | E | X | A | M | P | L |
| Divide: | S | O | R | T | I | N | G | E | X | A | M | P | L |
| Recurse Left: | I | N | O | R | S | T | G | E | X | A | M | P | L |
| Recurse Right: | I | N | O | R | S | T | X | E | G | L | M | P | X |
| Merge: | A | E | G | I | L | M | N | O | P | R | S | T | X |

Merges $A[1..m]$ and $A[m+1..n]$ into $A[1..n]$

```

MERGE(A[1..n], m):
  i ← 1; j ← m + 1
  for k ← 1 to n
    if j > n
      B[k] ← A[i]; i ← i + 1
    else if i > m
      B[k] ← A[j]; j ← j + 1
    else if A[i] < A[j]
      B[k] ← A[i]; i ← i + 1
    else
      B[k] ← A[j]; j ← j + 1
  for k ← 1 to n
    A[k] ← B[k]
  
```

$O(n)$ time

Sorts $A[1..n]$:- plane

```

MERGESORT(A[1..n]):
  if n > 1
    m ← ⌊n/2⌋
    MERGESORT(A[1..m])    <<Recurse!>>
    MERGESORT(A[m+1..n]) <<Recurse!>>
    MERGE(A[1..n], m)
  
```

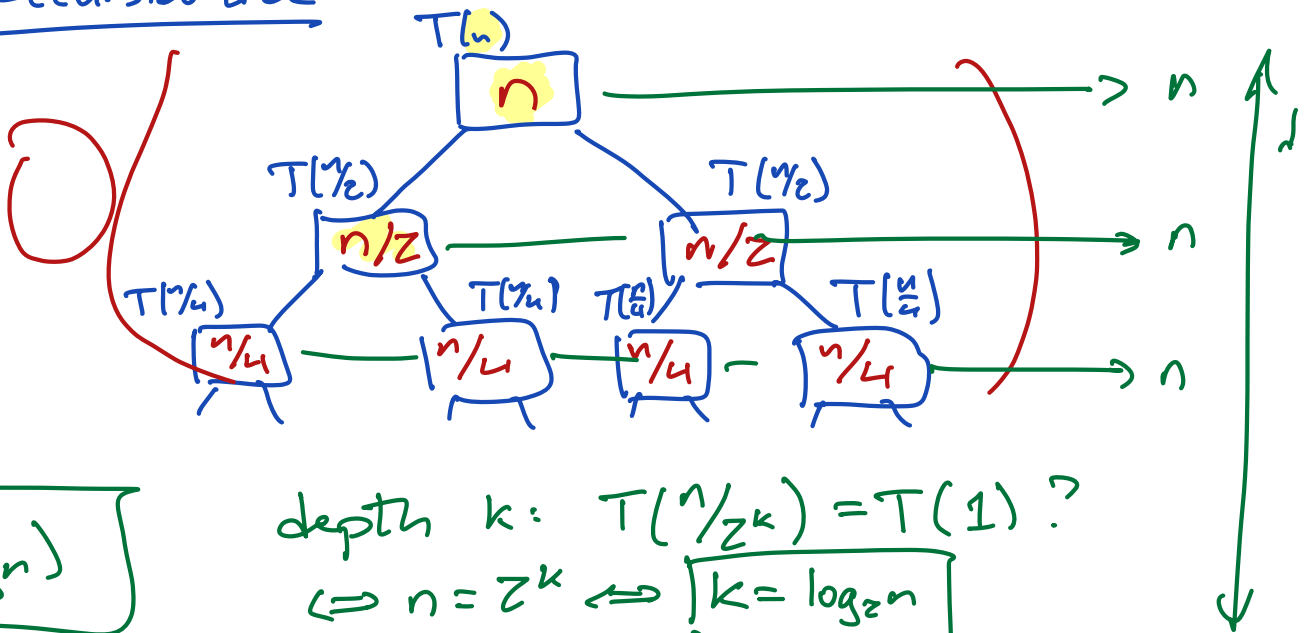
$$T(n) = T(\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor) + T(\lceil \frac{n}{2} \rceil) + O(n)$$

$T(n) = O(1)$ for all $n = O(1)$

Ignore floors + ceilings

$$T(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + O(n)$$

Recursion tree



depth k : $T(\frac{n}{2^k}) = T(1)$?

$$\Leftrightarrow n = 2^k \Leftrightarrow k = \log_2 n$$

$$O(n \cdot \log n)$$

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------|---|---|----------|---|
| Input: | S | O | R | T | I | N | G | E | X | A | M | P | L |
| Choose a pivot: | S | O | R | T | I | N | G | E | X | A | M | P | L |
| Partition: | A | G | O | E | I | N | L | M | P | T | X | S | R |
| Recurse Left: | A | E | G | I | L | M | N | O | P | T | X | S | R |
| Recurse Right: | A | E | G | I | L | M | N | O | P | R | S | T | X |

$p=12$
 $r=9$

```

PARTITION(A[1..n], p):
  swap A[p] ↔ A[n]
  ℓ ← 0      ((#items < pivot))
  for i ← 1 to n-1
    if A[i] < A[n]
      ℓ ← ℓ + 1
      swap A[ℓ] ↔ A[i]
  swap A[n] ↔ A[ℓ + 1]
  return ℓ + 1

```

$O(n)$

```

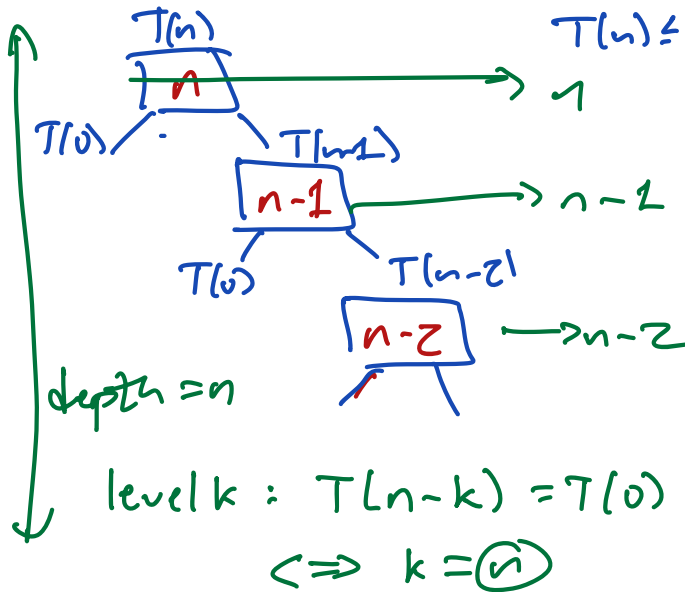
QUICKSORT(A[1..n]):
  if (n > 1)
    Choose a pivot element A[p]
    r ← PARTITION(A, p)
    QUICKSORT(A[1..r-1])  ((Recurse!))
    QUICKSORT(A[r+1..n])  ((Recurse!))

```

$$T(n) \leq O(n) + \max_r (T(r) + T(n-r))$$

Guess $r=1$ or $r=n$

$$T(n) \leq O(n) + T(0) + T(n-1)$$



$$T(n) = O(n^2)$$