



HANOI(src, tmp, dst, n):

```
if n > 0
  HANOI(src, dst, tmp, n-1)
  move disk n from src to dst
  HANOI(tmp, src, dst, n-1)
```

Move n disks from src to dst via tmp

$$T(n) = T(n-1) + O(1) + T(n-1) \quad \# \text{moves}$$
$$T(0) = 0$$

n:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	$T(n) = (2^n - 1)$
T(n):	0	1	3	7	15	31	63	127	$= O(2^n)$

A un coup par seconde, il faut plus de quatre minutes pour déplacer la tour de huit étages. Pour exécuter le transport de la tour d'Hanoï à soixante-quatre étages, conformément aux règles du jeu, il faudrait faire un nombre de déplacements égal à

18 446 744 073 709 551 615;

ce qui exigerait plus de cinq milliards de siècles !

Merge  $A[1..m]$  and  $A[m+1..n]$ , both sorted

Sort  $A[1..n]$

MERGESORT( $A[1..n]$ ):

```

if  $n > 1$ 
   $m \leftarrow \lfloor n/2 \rfloor$ 
  MERGESORT( $A[1..m]$ )
  MERGESORT( $A[m+1..n]$ )
  MERGE( $A[1..n], m$ )
  
```

$$T(n) = T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + T(n - \lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + O(n)$$

$$T(0) = 0$$

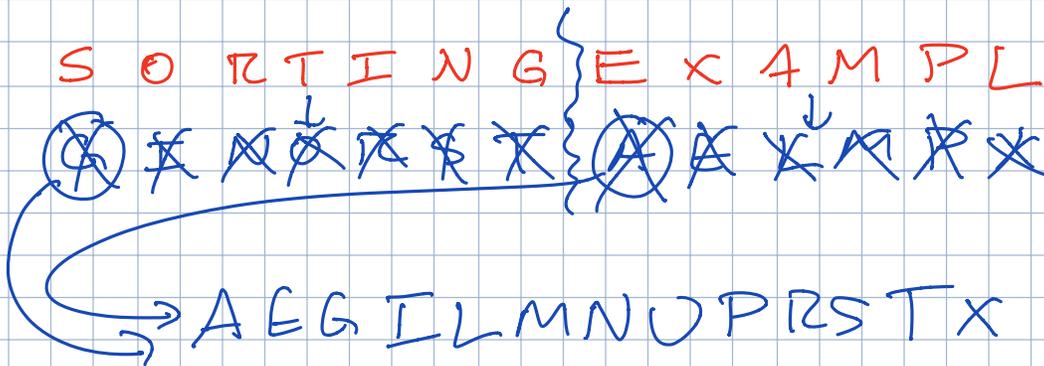
MERGE( $A[1..n], m$ ):

```

 $i \leftarrow 1; j \leftarrow m + 1$ 
for  $k \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$ 
  if  $j > n$ 
     $B[k] \leftarrow A[i]; i \leftarrow i + 1$ 
  else if  $i > m$ 
     $B[k] \leftarrow A[j]; j \leftarrow j + 1$ 
  else if  $A[i] < A[j]$ 
     $B[k] \leftarrow A[i]; i \leftarrow i + 1$ 
  else
     $B[k] \leftarrow A[j]; j \leftarrow j + 1$ 
for  $k \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$ 
   $A[k] \leftarrow B[k]$ 
  
```

Figure 1.6. Mergesort

$O(n)$  time

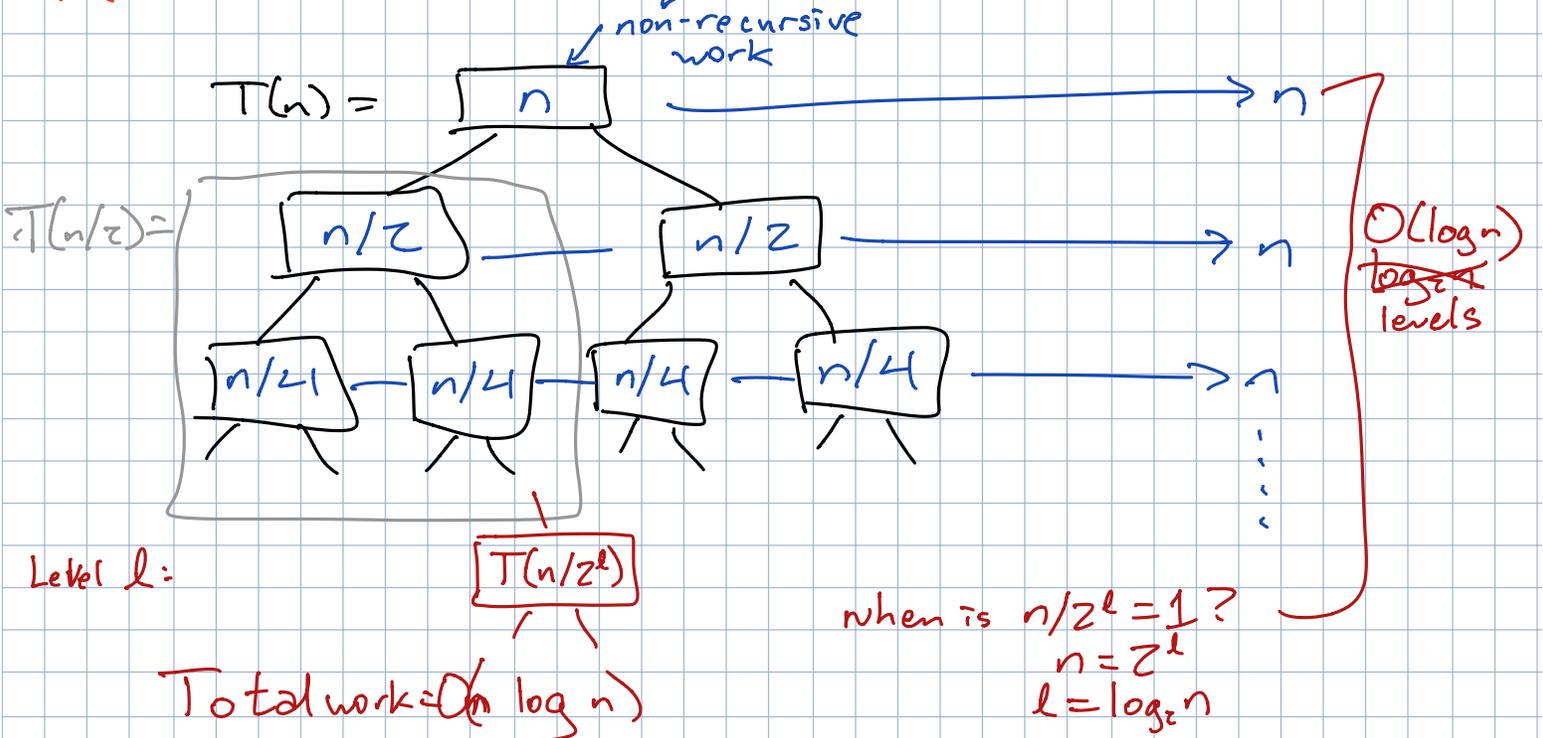


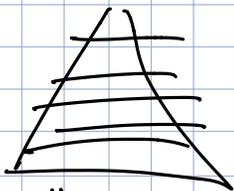
$$T(n) = T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + T(\lceil n/2 \rceil) + O(n)$$

← Floors + ceilings don't matter

← base case doesn't matter

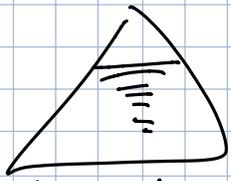
~~$T(0) = 0$~~





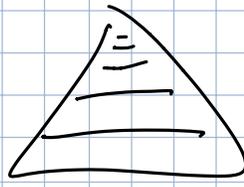
all same

$$O(\text{root} \cdot \text{depth})$$



descending  
geom series

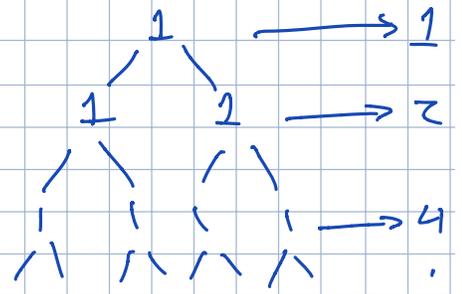
$$O(\text{root})$$



ascending  
geom series

$$O(\#\text{leaves})$$

$$T(n) = 2T(n-1) + 1$$



$$n(1 + 2 + 4 + \dots + 2^{\log_2 n})$$
$$2 \cdot 2^{\log_2 n} - 1 = O(n)$$