CS 273: Intro to Theory of Computation, Spring 2008 Problem Set 6 (due Monday, February 25th, 4pm)

This homework contains four problems, one of which is bonus. Please submit each on a **separate sheet of paper**. This will help us grade your homeworks more quickly. Turn in your homework at Elaine Wilson's office (3229 Siebel).

- 1. Pumping lemma problems:
 - (a) Use pumping lemma to prove that L is not regular, where:

$$L = \{a^k b^m : k \le m \text{ or } m \le 2k\}$$

(b) Prove that the following language satisfies pumping lemma:

$$L = \{00, 11\}$$

From the fact that it satisfies the pumping lemma, can we deduce that L is regular? Why or why not?

- 2. Decide of the following languages are regular. If they are regular, give a DFA,NFA or regular expression for the language. If it is not regular, then give a proof using either closure properties or the pumping lemma.
 - (a) $L_1 = \{xy \mid x \text{ has the same number of } a$'s as $y\}$
 - (b) $L_2 = \{w \mid w \text{ has three times the number of } a's than b's\}$
 - (c) $L_3 = \{xy \mid x \text{ has the same number of } a$'s as y and $|x| = |y|\}$
- 3. Let T be the language $\{0^n 1^n : n \ge 0\}$. Use closure properties to show that the following languages are not regular, using a proof by contradiction and the fact that T is known not to be regular.
 - (a) $L = \{a^n b^m c^{n+m} : n \ge m \ge 0\}$
 - (b) $J = \{0^n 1^n 2^n : n \ge 1\}$
- 4. (bonus) Show that if L is regular then t(L) is regular where:

 $t(L) = \{x : \text{for some string } y, |y| = |x| \text{ and } xy \in L\}$

so t is an operation that preserves regularity.