



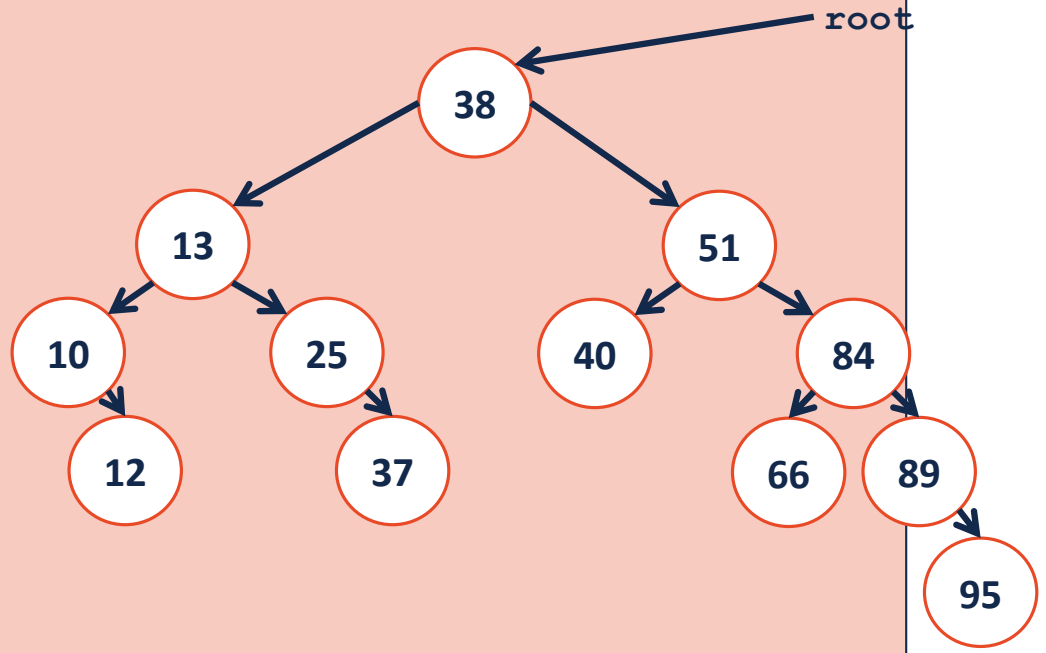
CS 225

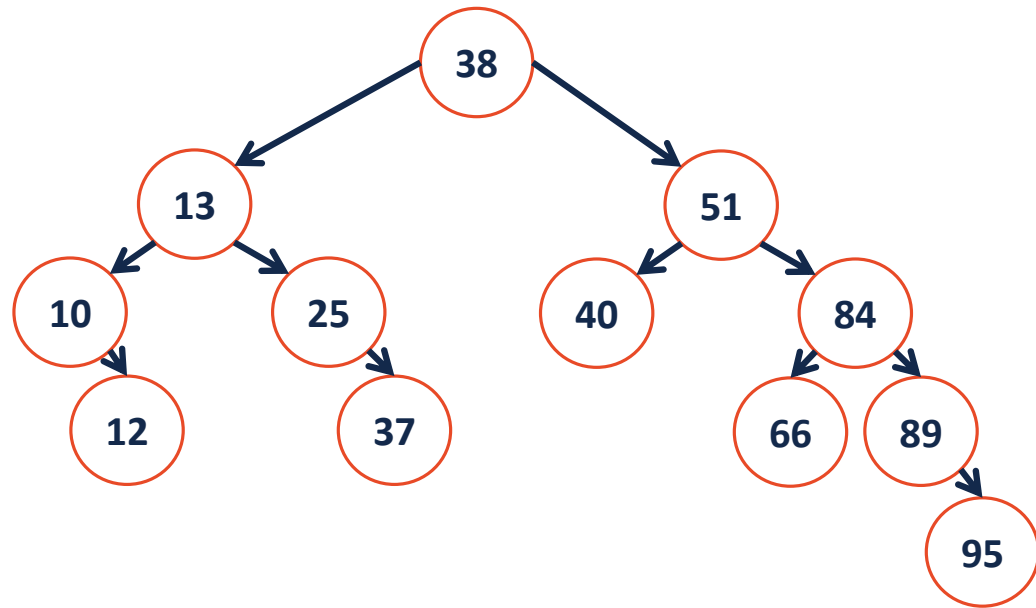
Data Structures

February 15 – BST Remove

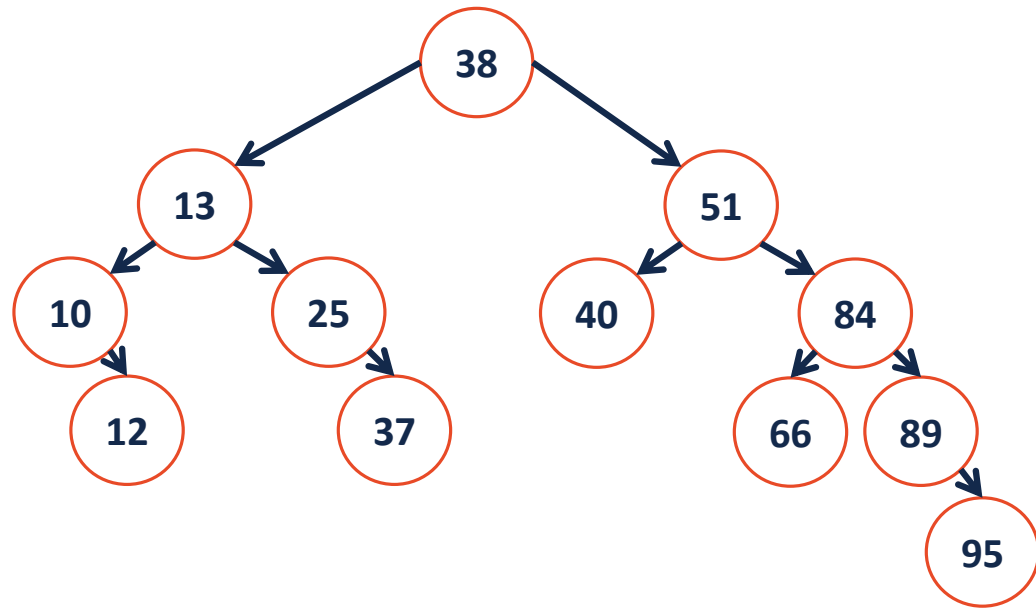
G Carl Evans

```
1  template<typename K, typename V>
2  void remove(TreeNode *& root, const K & key) {
3
4
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21
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23
24
25
26 }
```

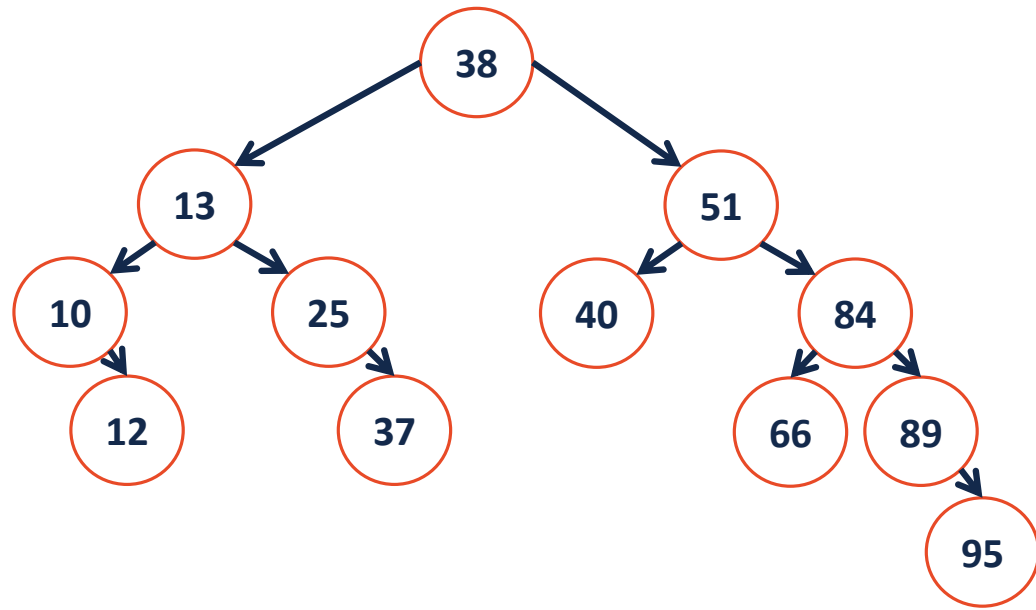




`remove (40) ;`



`remove (25) ;`



`remove (13) ;`

BST Analysis – Running Time

Operation	BST Worst Case
find	
insert	
delete	
traverse	



BST Analysis

Therefore, for all BST:

Lower bound: $h \geq O(\lg(n))$

Upper bound: $h \leq O(n)$



BST Analysis

The height of a BST depends on the order in which the data is inserted into it.

ex: **1 3 2 4 5 7 6**

vs.

4 2 3 6 7 1 5

Q: How many different ways are there to insert keys into a BST?

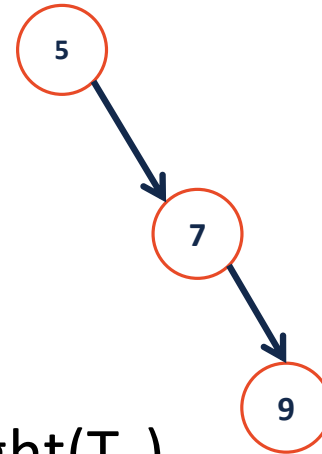
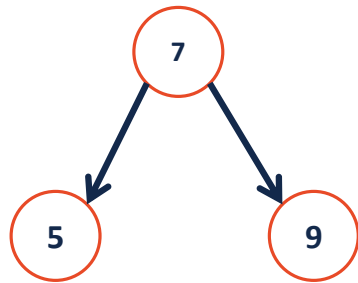
Q: What is the average height of all the arrangements?

Dictionary Analysis – Running Time

Operation	BST Average case	BST Worst case	Sorted array	Sorted List
find				
insert				
delete				
traverse				

Height-Balanced Tree

What tree makes you happier?



Height balance: $b = \text{height}(T_L) - \text{height}(T_R)$

A tree is height balanced if:



BST Rotation

We will perform a rotation that maintains two properties:

1.

2.