

Traversal vs. Search:

- **Traversal** visits every node in the tree exactly once.
- **Search** finds one (or more) element(s) in the tree.

Breadth First Traversal + Search:

Depth First Traversal + Search

Runtime Analysis on a Binary Tree:

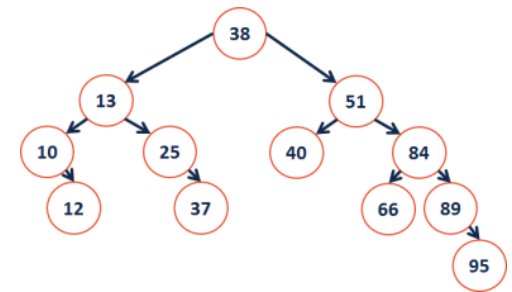
- Find an element: Best case? Worst case?
- Insertion of a sorted list of elements?
 Best case? Worst case?
- Traverse

Dictionary ADT

```

Dictionary.h
3
4 class Dictionary {
5     public:
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13     private:
14
15
16 };
    
```

A Searchable Binary Tree?



Binary Search Tree Property:

Finding an element in a BST:

```

BST.hpp
template <typename K, typename V>
_____ find(const K & key) {
}

template <typename K, typename V>
_____ _find
(TreeNode *& root, const K & key) {
}
    
```

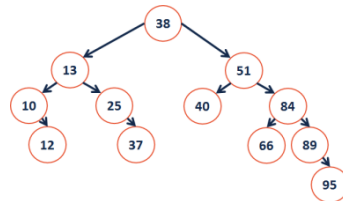
```

BST.cpp
template <class K, class V>
void BST::_insert(TreeNode *& root, K & key, V & value) {
    TreeNode * t = _find(root, key);
    t = new TreeNode(key, value);
}

```

Running time? _____ Bound by? _____

What happens when we run the bugged code above?



How do we fix the code?

One-child Remove	Two-child remove

```

BinaryTree.hpp
template <class K, class V>
void BST<K,V>::_remove(TreeNode *& root, const K & key) {
}

```

Running time? _____ Bound by? _____

BST Analysis:

Every operation we have studied on a BST depends on:

...what is this in terms of the amount of data, **n**?

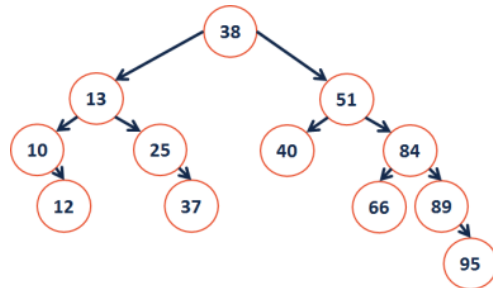
Removing an element from a BST:

`_remove(40)`

`_remove(25)`

`_remove(10)`

`_remove(13)`



Final BST Analysis

For every height-based algorithm on a BST:

Lower Bound:

Upper Bound:

Why use a BST over a linked list?

CS 225 – Things To Be Doing:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. mp_list due Today. 2. exam 1 reschedule window Saturday 2/26 – Monday 2/28. 3. Daily POTDs