

#36: Graph Traversals

April 15, 2019 · Fagen-Ulmschneider, Zilles

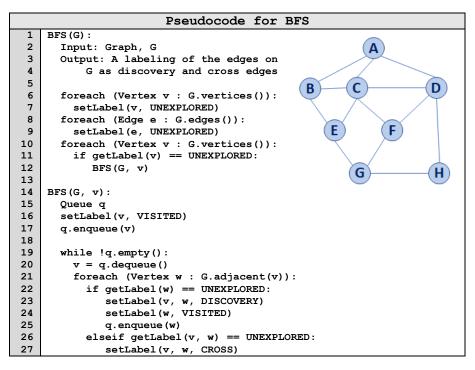
Graph Traversal

Objective: Visit every vertex and every edge in the graph. **Purpose:** Search for interesting sub-structures in the graph.

We've seen traversal before – this is different:

BST	Graph

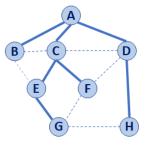
BFS Graph Traversal:



Vertex (v)	Distance (d)	Prev. (p)	Adjacent
A			
В			
C			
D			
E			
F			
G			
Н			

BFS Graph Observations

- 1. Does our implementation handle disjoint graphs? How?
 - a. How can we modify our code to count components?



- 2. Can our implementation detect a cycle? How?
 - a. How can we modify our code to store update a private member variable cycleDetected ?
- 3. What is the running time of our algorithm?
- 4. What is the shortest path between A and H?

- 5. What is the shortest path between **E** and **H**?
 - a. What does that tell us about BFS?
- 6. What does a cross edge tell us about its endpoints?
- 7. What structure is made from discovery edges in **G**?

Big Ideas: Utility of a BFS Traversal

Obs. 1: Traversals can be used to count components.

Obs. 2: Traversals can be used to detect cycles.

Obs. 3: In BFS, **d** provides the shortest distance to every vertex.

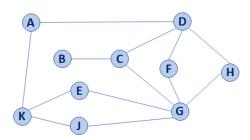
Obs. 4: In BFS, the endpoints of a cross edge never differ in distance, d, by more than 1: $|\mathbf{d}(\mathbf{u}) - \mathbf{d}(\mathbf{v})| = 1$

DFS Graph Traversal

Two types of edges:

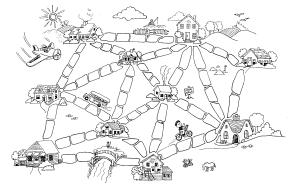
1.

2.



```
Modifying BFS to create DFS
    BFS(G):
2
      Input: Graph, G
3
      Output: A labeling of the edges on
          G as discovery and cross edges
      foreach (Vertex v : G.vertices()):
        setLabel(v, UNEXPLORED)
 8
      foreach (Edge e : G.edges()):
 9
        setLabel(e, UNEXPLORED)
10
      foreach (Vertex v : G.vertices()):
11
        if getLabel(v) == UNEXPLORED:
12
           BFS(G, v)
13
14
    BFS(G, v):
15
      Queue q
16
      setLabel(v, VISITED)
17
      q.enqueue(v)
18
19
      while !q.empty():
20
        v = q.dequeue()
21
        foreach (Vertex w : G.adjacent(v)):
22
          if getLabel(w) == UNEXPLORED:
23
             setLabel(v, w, DISCOVERY)
24
             setLabel(w, VISITED)
25
             q.enqueue(w)
26
          elseif getLabel(v, w) == UNEXPLORED:
             setLabel(v, w, CROSS)
```

Minimum Spanning Tree



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CS 225 – Things To Be Doing:

- 1. Programming Exam C: Thursday, April 18 Sunday, April 21
- 2. lab ml this week!
- 3. MP6 due tonight; MP7 released tomorrow
- 4. Daily POTDs resume today!