Name: $\qquad$
Group members: $\qquad$

## TAM 210/211 - Worksheet 9

Ice Breaker: If your team has to choose a karaoke song for each member to sing right now, what songs would they be?

1) A pumping unit is used to recover oil. When the walking beam $A B C$ is horizontal, the force acting in the wireline at the well head is 250 lb . The horse-head $C$ weighs 60 lb and has a center of gravity at $G_{c}$. The walking beam $A B C$ has a weight of 130 lb and a center of gravity at $G_{B}$, and the counterweight has a weight of 200 lb and a center of gravity at $G_{W}$. The pitman, $A D$, is pin connected at its end and has negligible weight (a two-force member). Determine the torque $M$ which must be exerted by the motor in order to overcome the force at the well head through the following steps.

b) Use equilibrium equations to find the force from link $A D$.
c) Draw a free-body diagram for the member $E D$
d) Use equilibrium equations to determine the torque $M$ which must be exerted by the motor in to keep member $E D$ at equilibrium. This is also the force necessary to overcome the force at the well head.
2) The double link grip is used to lift a beam that weighs 4 kN . The interactions between the grip and the beam at points $F$ and $B$ are not smooth surfaces, so horizontal forces from friction are present. Determine the magnitude of these friction (horizontal) forces at $B$ and $F$ necessary to keep the I-beam at equilibrium.

a) Draw a free-body diagram for ring $D$ (use particle assumption). Then write the equations of equilibrium to find the force from link $C D$.
b) Draw the free-body diagram for the I-beam. Use the equilibrium equation $\left(\sum M\right)_{F}=0$ and $\sum F_{y}=0$ to determine the vertical reactions that the flange of the beam exerts on the jaw at $F$ and $B$.
c) Draw the free-body diagram for member $C A F$. Then use equilibrium equations to determine the friction forces at $B$ and $F$.
