

Computer Vision

CS 543 / ECE 549

University of Illinois

Instructor: Derek Hoiem

TA: Ian Endres

Today's class

- A little about me
- Intro to computer vision
- Course logistics
- A bit about you
- Questions

About me

Raised in “upstate” NY



About me



1998-2002

Undergrad at SUNY Buffalo

B.S., EE and CSE



2002-2007

Grad at Carnegie Mellon

Ph.D. in Robotics



2007-2008

Postdoc at Beckman Institute



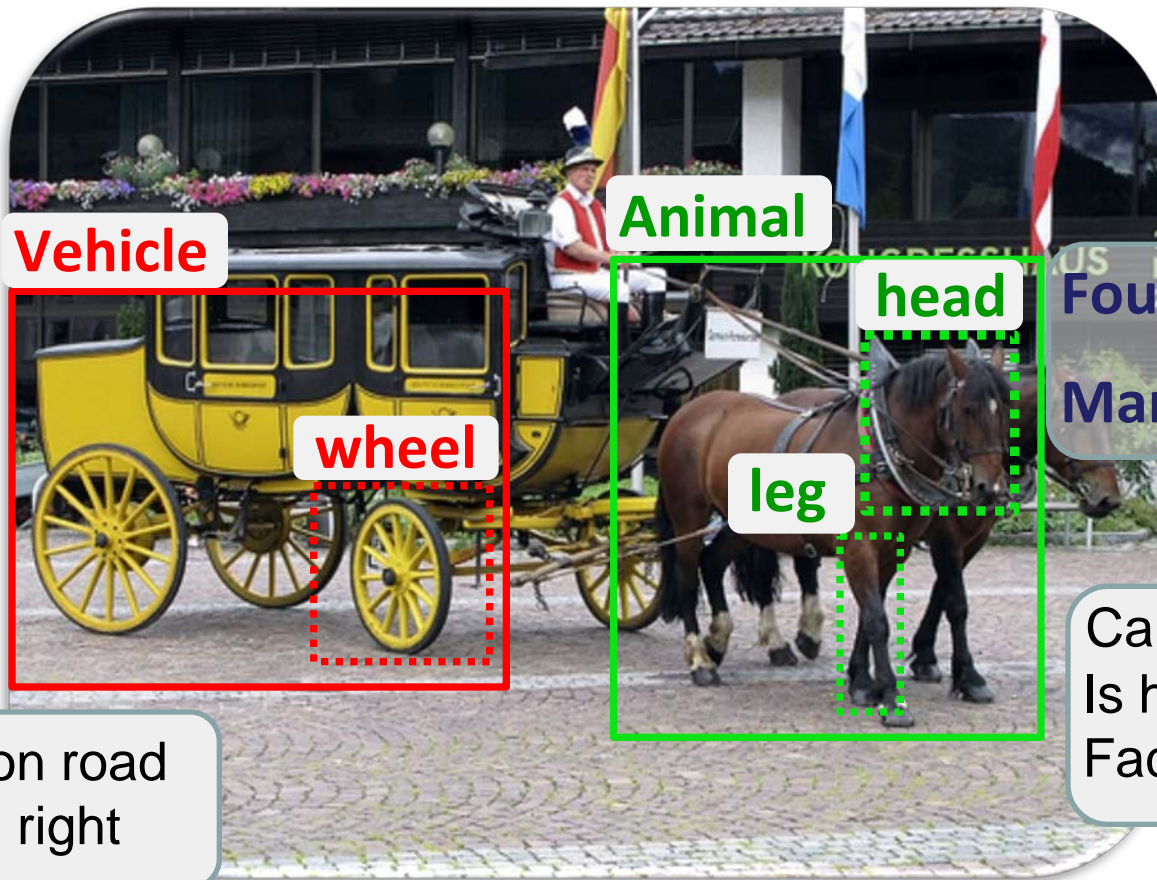
2009-

Assistant Prof in CS at UIUC

My research



My Research



Vehicle

Animal

head

Four-legged
Mammal

wheel

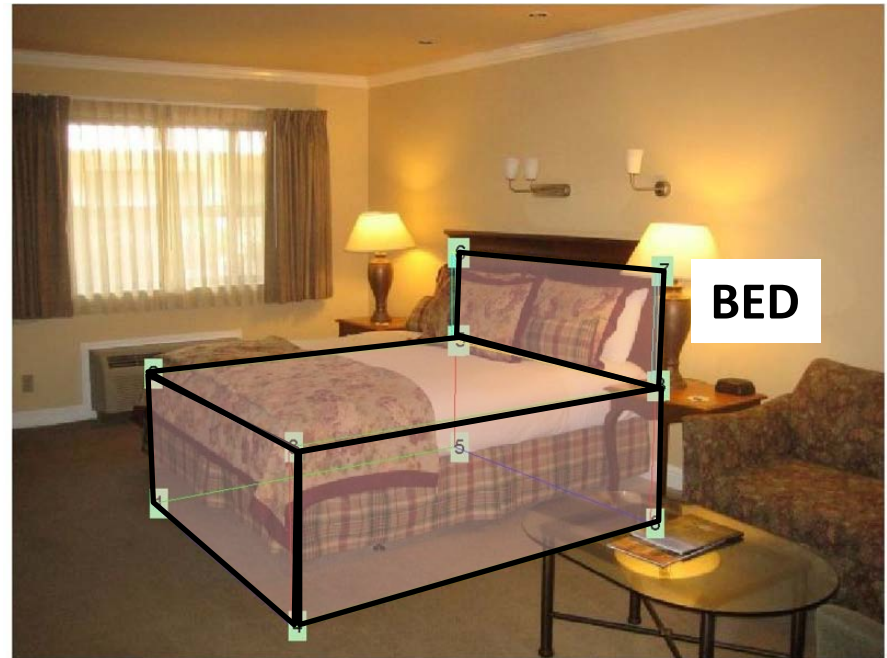
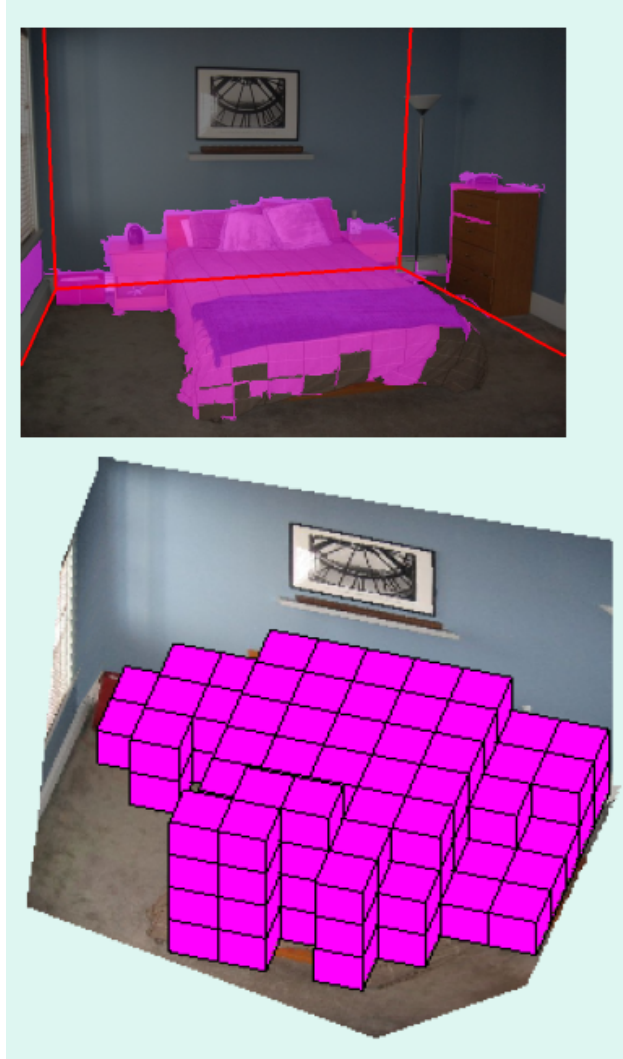
leg

Move on road
Facing right

Can run, jump
Is herbivorous
Facing right

My Research

Recovering 3D layout and context



My Research

Editing images as if they were 3D scenes



Computer Vision

Make computers understand images and video.



What kind of scene?

Where are the cars?

How far is the building?

...

Vision is really hard

- Vision is an amazing feat of natural intelligence
 - Visual cortex occupies about 50% of Macaque brain
 - More human brain devoted to vision than anything else

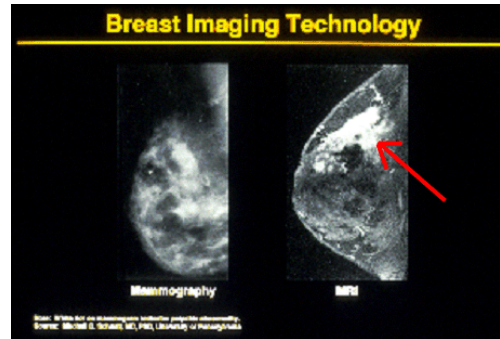


Is that a
queen or a
bishop?

Why computer vision matters



Safety



Health



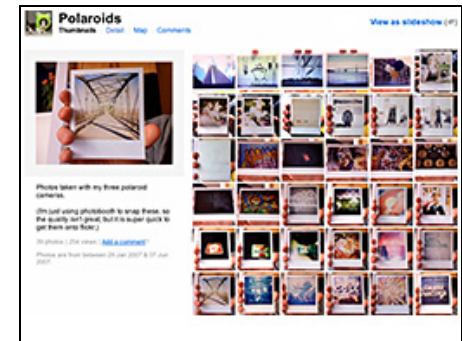
Security



Comfort

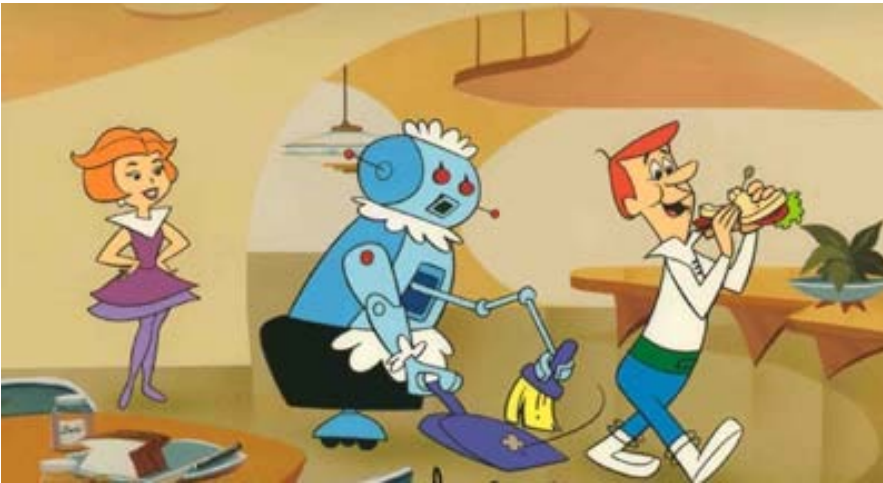


Fun



Access

Two reasons for computer vision



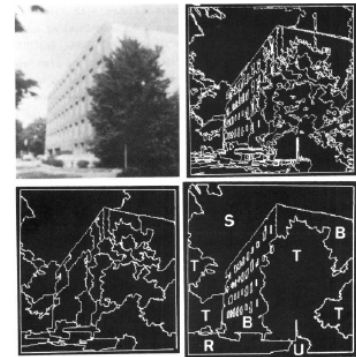
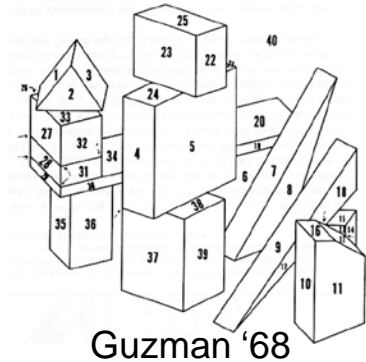
Household Robots



Assisted Driving

Ridiculously brief history of computer vision

- 1966: Minsky assigns computer vision as an undergrad summer project
- 1960's: interpretation of synthetic worlds
- 1970's: some progress on interpreting selected images
- 1980's: ANNs come and go; shift toward geometry and increased mathematical rigor
- 1990's: face recognition; statistical analysis in vogue
- 2000's: broader recognition; large annotated datasets available; video processing starts



How vision is used now

- Examples of state-of-the-art

Earth viewers (3D modeling)

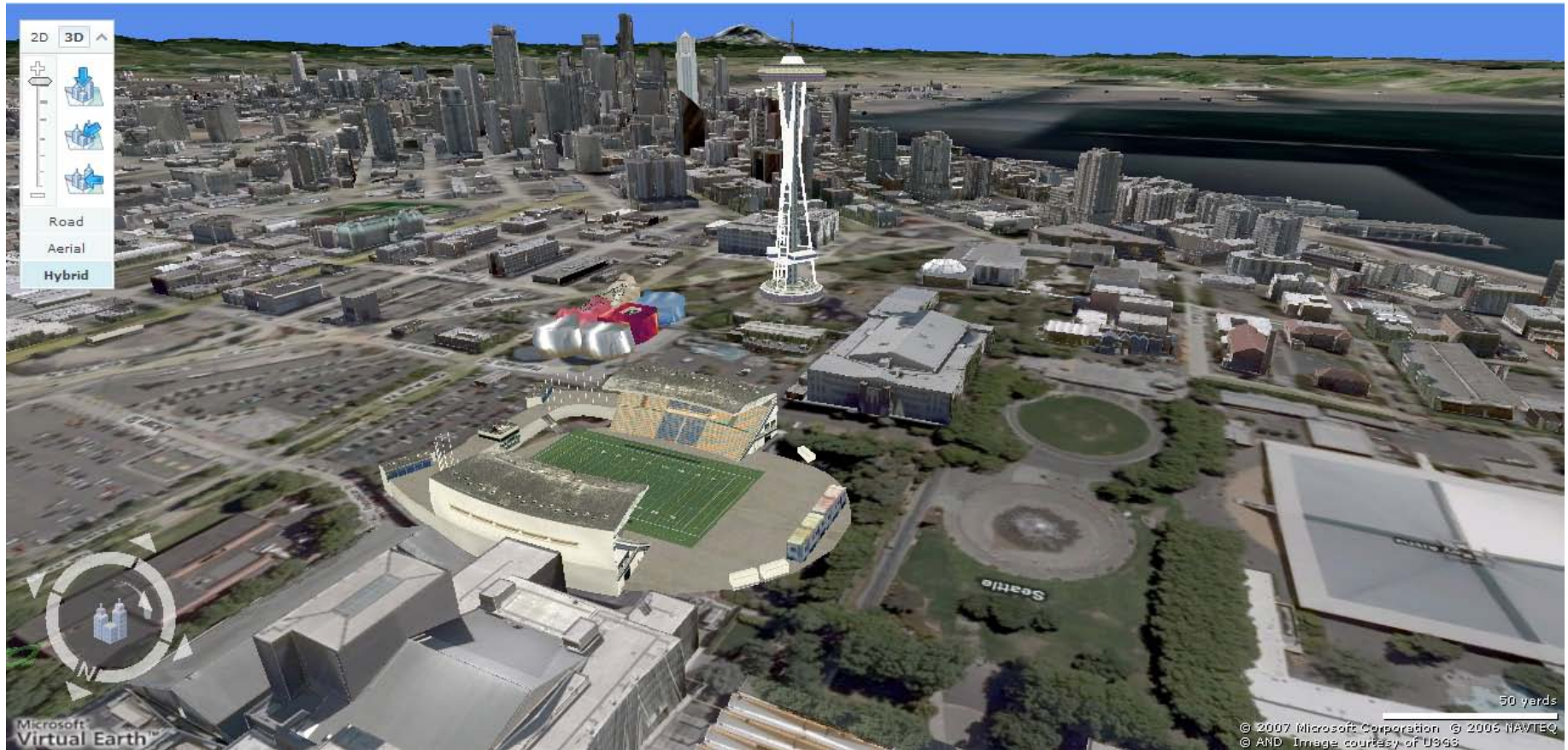


Image from Microsoft's [Virtual Earth](#)
(see also: [Google Earth](#))

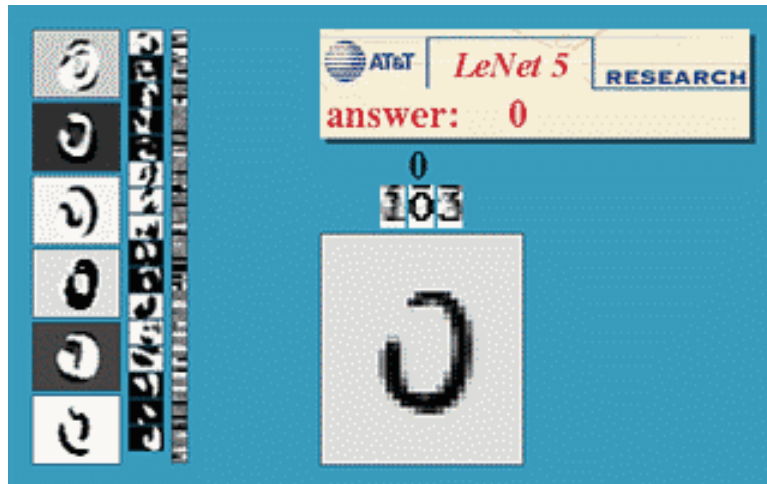
3D from thousands of images



Optical character recognition (OCR)

Technology to convert scanned docs to text

- If you have a scanner, it probably came with OCR software



Digit recognition, AT&T labs

<http://www.research.att.com/~yann/>



License plate readers

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Automatic_number_plate_recognition

Face detection



- Many new digital cameras now detect faces
 - Canon, Sony, Fuji, ...

Smile detection?

The Smile Shutter flow

Imagine a camera smart enough to catch every smile! In Smile Shutter Mode, your Cyber-shot® camera can automatically trip the shutter at just the right instant to catch the perfect expression.



[Sony Cyber-shot® T70 Digital Still Camera](#)

Object recognition (in supermarkets)



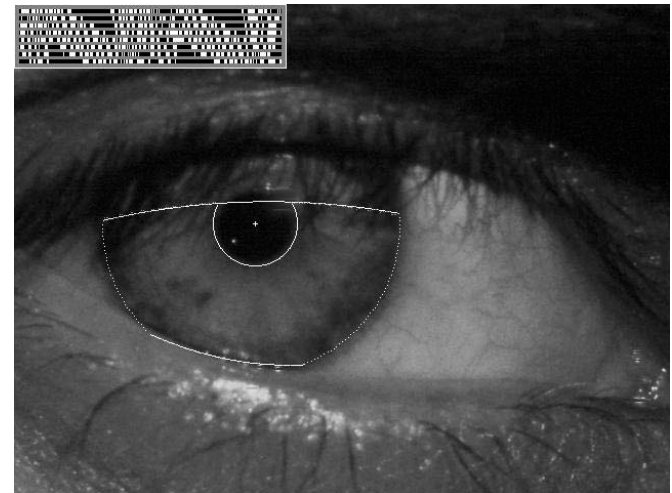
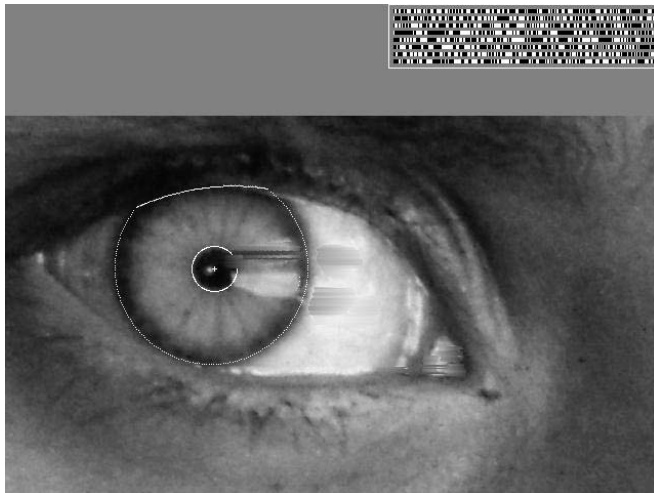
[LaneHawk by EvolutionRobotics](#)

“A smart camera is flush-mounted in the checkout lane, continuously watching for items. When an item is detected and recognized, the cashier verifies the quantity of items that were found under the basket, and continues to close the transaction. The item can remain under the basket, and with LaneHawk, you are assured to get paid for it... “

Vision-based biometrics



"How the Afghan Girl was Identified by Her Iris Patterns" Read the [story](#)
[wikipedia](#)



Login without a password...



Fingerprint scanners on many new laptops, other devices



Face recognition systems now beginning to appear more widely
<http://www.sensiblevision.com/>

Object recognition (in mobile phones)



[Point & Find](#), [Nokia](#)
[Google Goggles](#)

Special effects: shape capture



The Matrix movies, ESC Entertainment, XYZRGB, NRC

Special effects: motion capture



Pirates of the Caribbean, Industrial Light and Magic

Sports



Sportvision first down line

Nice [explanation](#) on www.howstuffworks.com

<http://www.sportvision.com/video.html>

Smart cars

Slide content courtesy of Amnon Shashua

The screenshot displays the Mobileye website with a top navigation bar for 'manufacturer products' and 'consumer products'. The main banner features the slogan 'Our Vision. Your Safety.' and a top-down view of a car with three camera fields of view highlighted: 'rear looking camera', 'side looking camera', and 'forward looking camera'. Below the banner are three product highlights: 'EyeQ Vision on a Chip' with an image of the chip, 'Vision Applications' showing a pedestrian detection box, and 'AWS Advance Warning System' with a dashboard display showing a car icon and a distance of 0.8. A right-hand sidebar contains 'News' and 'Events' sections with links to various press releases and events.

manufacturer products consumer products

Our Vision. Your Safety.

rear looking camera

side looking camera

forward looking camera

➤ **EyeQ** Vision on a Chip

➤ **Vision Applications**
Road, Vehicle, Pedestrian Protection and more

➤ **AWS** Advance Warning System

➤ **News**

- **Mobileye Advanced Technologies Power Volvo Cars World First Collision Warning With Auto Brake System**
- **Volvo: New Collision Warning with Auto Brake Helps Prevent Rear-end**

➤ all news

➤ **Events**

- **Mobileye at Equip Auto, Paris, France**
- **Mobileye at SEMA, Las Vegas, NV**

➤ read more

- [Mobileye](#)

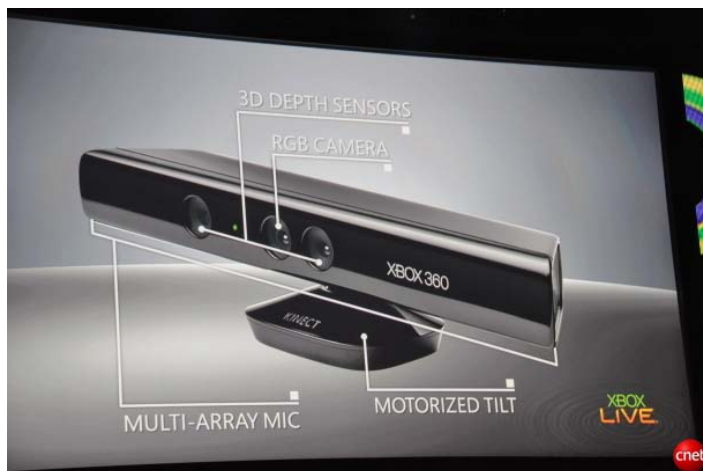
- Vision systems currently in high-end BMW, GM, Volvo models
- By 2010: 70% of car manufacturers.

Google cars



Interactive Games: Kinect

- Object Recognition:
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=iv&v=fQ59dXOo63o>
- Mario: <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8CTJL5IUjHg>
- 3D: <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7QrnwoO1-8A>
- Robot: <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w8BmgtMKFbY>



Vision in space



[NASA'S Mars Exploration Rover Spirit](#) captured this westward view from atop a low plateau where Spirit spent the closing months of 2007.

Vision systems (JPL) used for several tasks

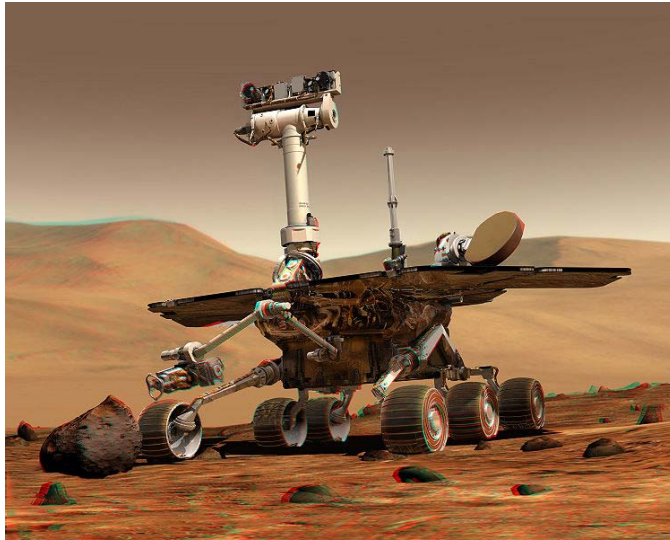
- Panorama stitching
- 3D terrain modeling
- Obstacle detection, position tracking
- For more, read “[Computer Vision on Mars](#)” by Matthies et al.

Industrial robots



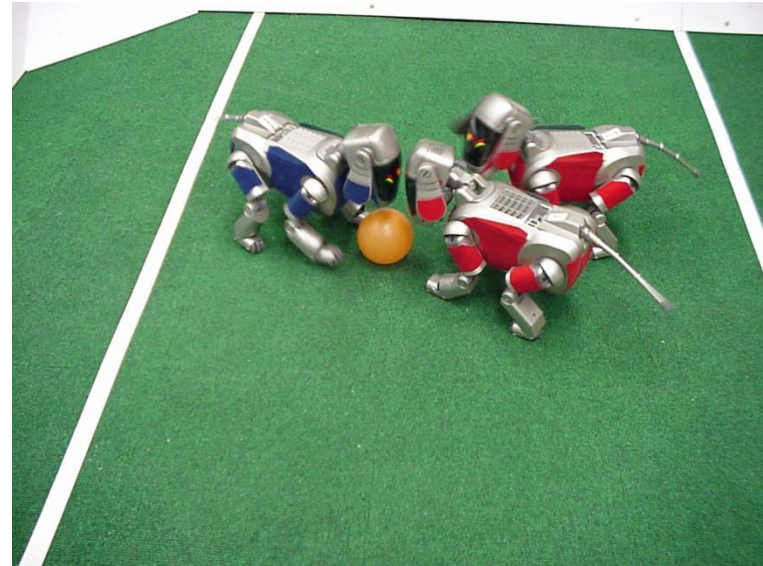
Vision-guided robots position nut runners on wheels

Mobile robots



NASA's Mars Spirit Rover

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spirit_rover



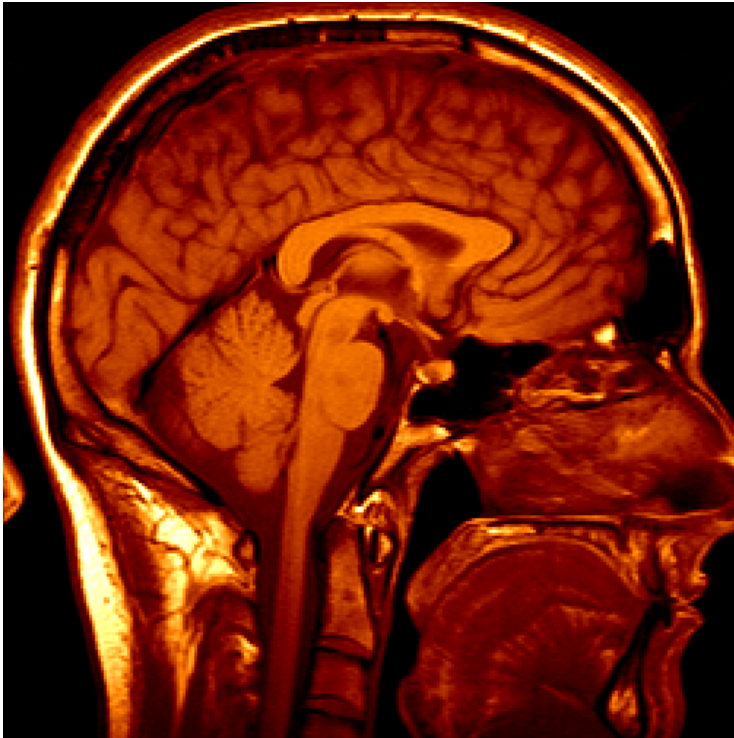
<http://www.robocup.org/>



Saxena et al. 2008

[STAIR](#) at Stanford

Medical imaging



3D imaging
MRI, CT



Image guided surgery
[Grimson et al., MIT](#)

Current state of the art

- You just saw examples of current systems
 - Most of these are less than 5 years old
- This is a very active research area, and rapidly changing
 - Many new apps in the next 5 years
- To learn more about vision applications and companies
 - [David Lowe](http://www.cs.ubc.ca/spider/lowe/vision.html) maintains an excellent overview of vision companies
 - <http://www.cs.ubc.ca/spider/lowe/vision.html>

Course outline

Prof: Derek Hoiem (dhoiem@illinois.edu), SC3312

TA: Ian Endres (iendres2@illinois.edu), SC3307

Web page:

<http://www.cs.illinois.edu/class/sp11/cs543/>

Grades

- Homeworks (75%)
- Final project (25%)
- Attendance

Late policy

- 10% per day
- One late HW will be forgiven (up to one week)

Academic Integrity

Getting help outside of class

Office hours

- Time TBA, please mark good times on Doodle:
<http://www.doodle.com/sbg39gsptwaurpnz>
- Otherwise, just stop by. If I'm not there, send me an e-mail.

Discussion board: <http://groups.google.com/group/cs543-spring2011-uiuc>

TA: Ian Endres (iendres2@illinois.edu), Siebel Center 3307

Readings/Textbook

Other comments

Prerequisites

- **Linear algebra**, basic calculus, and probability
- Experience with image processing or Matlab will help but is not necessary

What to expect from this course

- Broad coverage (geometry, image processing, recognition, multiview, video)
- Background to delve deeper into any computer vision-related topic
- Practical experience
- Lots of work, tough material, fast pace, but hopefully lots of learning too!

Topics

- Image Formation and Basic Processing
 - How does a 3D scene project to an image?
 - How can we model light? What are useful color spaces?
 - How can we use image filters to model texture and detect things?
- Grouping and Fitting
 - How can we detect edges and segment the image into meaningful regions?
- Recognition
 - How can we represent images and categorize them?
 - How can we recognize particular objects or categories of objects?
- Multiple Views and Motion
 - How can we track points and objects?
 - How can we recover depth from multiple views?
- Advanced Topics
 - Action recognition, 3D scenes and context, ...

Introduce yourselves

Final comments

- Feedback
- To do
 - Sign up for newsgroup:
<http://groups.google.com/group/cs543-spring2011-uiuc>
 - Help pick office hours:
<http://www.doodle.com/sbg39gsptwaurpnz>
 - Read syllabus, etc.
- Next class: camera model and perspective
- Questions?

