

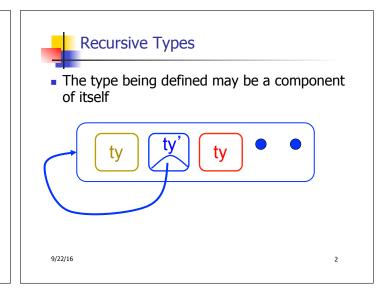


2112 SC, UIUC

http://courses.engr.illinois.edu/cs421

Based in part on slides by Mattox Beckman, as updated by Vikram Adve and Gul Agha

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#### Recursive Data Types

# type exp =

VarExp of string

| ConstExp of const

| MonOpAppExp of mon\_op \* exp

| BinOpAppExp of bin\_op \* exp \* exp

| IfExp of exp\* exp \* exp

| AppExp of exp \* exp

| FunExp of string \* exp

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#### Recursive Data Types

# type bin\_op = IntPlusOp | IntMinusOp

| EqOp | CommaOp | ConsOp | ...

# type const = BoolConst of bool | IntConst of int |

# type exp = VarExp of string | ConstExp of const | BinOpAppExp of bin\_op \* exp \* exp | ...

How to represent 6 as an exp?

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#### **Recursive Data Types**

# type bin\_op = IntPlusOp | IntMinusOp | EqOp | CommaOp | ConsOp | ...

# type const = BoolConst of bool | IntConst of int |

# type exp = VarExp of string | ConstExp of const | BinOpAppExp of bin\_op \* exp \* exp | ...

- How to represent 6 as an exp?
- Answer: ConstExp (IntConst 6)

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#### Recursive Data Types

# type bin\_op = IntPlusOp | IntMinusOp

| EqOp | CommaOp | ConsOp | ...

# type const = BoolConst of bool | IntConst of int |

# type exp = VarExp of string | ConstExp of const | BinOpAppExp of bin\_op \* exp \* exp | ...

How to represent (6, 3) as an exp?

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#### Recursive Data Types

```
# type bin_op = IntPlusOp | IntMinusOp
| EqOp | CommaOp | ConsOp | ...
# type const = BoolConst of bool | IntCons
```

- # type const = BoolConst of bool | IntConst of int |
- # type exp = VarExp of string | ConstExp of const
   | BinOpAppExp of bin\_op \* exp \* exp | ...
- How to represent (6, 3) as an exp?
- BinOpAppExp (CommaOp, ConstExp (IntConst 6), ConstExp (IntConst 3))

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### Recursive Data Types

```
# type bin_op = IntPlusOp | IntMinusOp
| EqOp | CommaOp | ConsOp | ...
```

- # type const = BoolConst of bool | IntConst of int |
- # type exp = VarExp of string | ConstExp of const
  | BinOpAppExp of bin\_op \* exp \* exp | ...
- How to represent [(6, 3)] as an exp?
- BinOpAppExp (ConsOp, BinOpAppExp (CommaOp, ConstExp (IntConst 6), ConstExp (IntConst 3)), ConstExp NilConst))));;

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#### Recursion over Recursive Data Types

- # type exp = VarExp of string | ConstExp of const
  | BinOpAppExp of bin\_op \* exp \* exp
  | FunExp of string \* exp | AppExp of exp \* exp
- How to count the number of variables in an exp?

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#### Recursion over Recursive Data Types

- # type exp = VarExp of string | ConstExp of const
   | BinOpAppExp of bin\_op \* exp \* exp
   | FunExp of string \* exp | AppExp of exp \* exp
- How to count the number of variables in an exp?
- # let rec varCnt exp =
   match exp with VarExp x ->
   | ConstExp c ->
   | BinOpAppExp (b, e1, e2) ->
   | FunExp (x,e) ->
   | AppExp (e1, e2) ->

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#### Recursion over Recursive Data Types

- # type exp = VarExp of string | ConstExp of const
  | BinOpAppExp of bin\_op \* exp \* exp
  | FunExp of string \* exp | AppExp of exp \* exp
- How to count the number of variables in an exp?
- # let rec varCnt exp =
  match exp with VarExp x -> 1
   | ConstExp c -> 0
   | BinOpAppExp (b, e1, e2) -> varCnt e1 + varCnt e2
   | FunExp (x,e) -> 1 + varCnt e
   | AppExp (e1, e2) -> varCnt e1 + varCnt e2

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### Your turn now

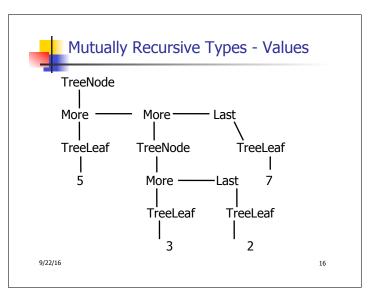
## Try Problem 3 on MP3

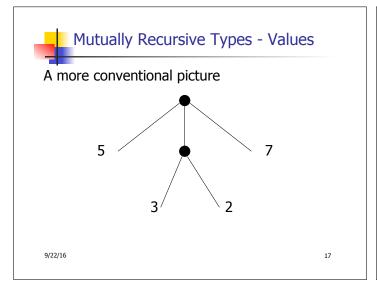
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```
# type 'a tree = TreeLeaf of 'a
| TreeNode of 'a treeList
and 'a treeList = Last of 'a tree
| More of ('a tree * 'a treeList);;
type 'a tree = TreeLeaf of 'a | TreeNode of 'a treeList
and 'a treeList = Last of 'a tree | More of ('a tree * 'a treeList)
```

Mutually Recursive Types - Values

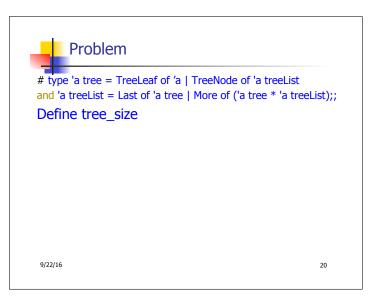
val tree : int tree =
TreeNode
(More
(TreeLeaf 5,
More
(TreeNode (More (TreeLeaf 3, Last
(TreeLeaf 2))), Last (TreeLeaf 7))))







```
# fringe tree;;
-: int list = [5; 3; 2; 7]
```



```
# type 'a tree = TreeLeaf of 'a | TreeNode of 'a treeList
and 'a treeList = Last of 'a tree | More of ('a tree * 'a treeList);;

Define tree_size
let rec tree_size t =
    match t with TreeLeaf _ ->
    | TreeNode ts ->
```

```
# type 'a tree = TreeLeaf of 'a | TreeNode of 'a treeList and 'a treeList = Last of 'a tree | More of ('a tree * 'a treeList);;

Define tree_size

let rec tree_size t =

match t with TreeLeaf _ -> 1

| TreeNode ts -> treeList_size ts
```

```
# type 'a tree = TreeLeaf of 'a | TreeNode of 'a treeList and 'a treeList = Last of 'a tree | More of ('a tree * 'a treeList);;

Define tree_size and treeList_size

let rec tree_size t =

match t with TreeLeaf _ -> 1

| TreeNode ts -> treeList_size ts

and treeList_size ts =
```

```
# type 'a tree = TreeLeaf of 'a | TreeNode of 'a treeList and 'a treeList = Last of 'a tree | More of ('a tree * 'a treeList);;

Define tree_size and treeList_size

let rec tree_size t =

match t with TreeLeaf _ -> 1

| TreeNode ts -> treeList_size ts

and treeList_size ts =

match ts with Last t ->

| More t ts' ->
```

```
# type 'a tree = TreeLeaf of 'a | TreeNode of 'a treeList
and 'a treeList = Last of 'a tree | More of ('a tree * 'a treeList);;

Define tree_size and treeList_size

let rec tree_size t =

match t with TreeLeaf _ -> 1

| TreeNode ts -> treeList_size ts

and treeList_size ts =

match ts with Last t -> tree_size t

| More t ts' -> tree_size t + treeList_size ts'
```

```
# type 'a tree = TreeLeaf of 'a | TreeNode of 'a treeList and 'a treeList = Last of 'a tree | More of ('a tree * 'a treeList);;

Define tree_size and treeList_size

let rec tree_size t =

match t with TreeLeaf _ -> 1

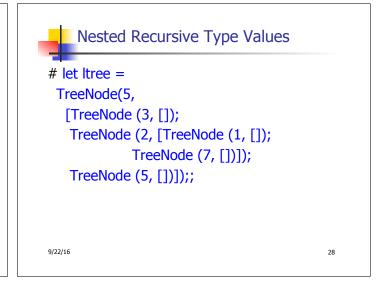
| TreeNode ts -> treeList_size ts

and treeList_size ts =

match ts with Last t -> tree_size t

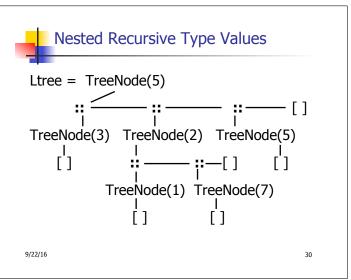
| More t ts' -> tree_size t + treeList_size ts'
```

# type 'a labeled\_tree =
TreeNode of ('a \* 'a labeled\_tree list);;
type 'a labeled\_tree = TreeNode of ('a \* 'a labeled\_tree list)



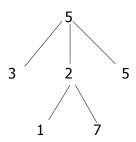
Nested Recursive Type Values

val Itree: int labeled\_tree =
TreeNode
(5,
 [TreeNode (3, []); TreeNode (2,
 [TreeNode (1, []); TreeNode (7, [])]);
 TreeNode (5, [])])

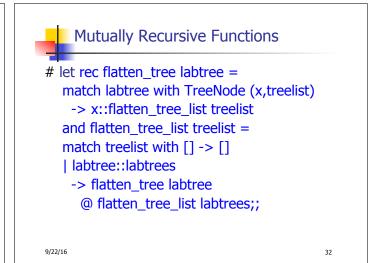




#### **Nested Recursive Type Values**



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#### **Mutually Recursive Functions**

val flatten\_tree : 'a labeled\_tree -> 'a list =

val flatten\_tree\_list : 'a labeled\_tree list -> 'a list = <fun>

# flatten\_tree ltree;;

- -: int list = [5; 3; 2; 1; 7; 5]
- Nested recursive types lead to mutually recursive functions

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#### **Infinite Recursive Values**

```
# let rec ones = 1::ones;;
  val ones : int list =
   [1; 1; 1; 1; ...]
  # match ones with x::_ -> x;;
 Characters 0-25:
  Warning: this pattern-matching is not exhaustive.
 Here is an example of a value that is not matched:
   match ones with x::_ -> x;;
   ^^^^^
  -: int = 1
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```

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#### **Infinite Recursive Values**

```
# let rec lab_tree = TreeNode(2, tree_list)
  and tree_list = [lab_tree; lab_tree];;
val lab_tree : int labeled_tree =
 TreeNode (2, [TreeNode(...); TreeNode(...)])
val tree_list : int labeled_tree list =
 [TreeNode (2, [TreeNode(...);
  TreeNode(...)]);
  TreeNode (2, [TreeNode(...);
  TreeNode(...)])]
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```



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#### **Infinite Recursive Values**

```
# match lab_tree
  with TreeNode (x, _) \rightarrow x;;
-: int = 2
```

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#### Records

- Records serve the same programming purpose as tuples
- Provide better documentation, more readable code
- Allow components to be accessed by label instead of position
  - Labels (aka *field names* must be unique)
  - Fields accessed by suffix dot notation

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 Record types must be declared before they can be used in OCaml

```
# type person = {name : string; ss : (int * int
  * int); age : int};;
```

type person = { name : string; ss : int \* int \*
 int; age : int; }

- person is the type being introduced
- name, ss and age are the labels, or fields

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#### **Record Values**

Records built with labels; order does not matter

```
# let teacher = {name = "Elsa L. Gunter";
age = 102; ss = (119,73,6244)};;
val teacher : person =
{name = "Elsa L. Gunter"; ss = (119, 73, 6244); age = 102}
```

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```
# let {name = elsa; age = age; ss = (_,_,s3)} = teacher;;
```

val elsa: string = "Elsa L. Gunter"

val age : int = 102val s3 : int = 6244

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#### **Record Field Access**

```
# let soc_sec = teacher.ss;;
val soc_sec : int * int * int = (119,
73, 6244)
```

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#### **Record Values**

```
# let student = {ss=(325,40,1276);
    name="Joseph Martins"; age=22};;
val student : person =
    {name = "Joseph Martins"; ss = (325, 40, 1276); age = 22}
# student = teacher;;
- : bool = false
```

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# -

#### New Records from Old

```
# let birthday person = {person with age =
    person.age + 1};;
val birthday : person -> person = <fun>
# birthday teacher;;
- : person = {name = "Elsa L. Gunter"; ss =
    (119, 73, 6244); age = 103}
```

### New Records from Old

```
# let new_id name soc_sec person =
{person with name = name; ss = soc_sec};;
val new_id : string -> int * int * int -> person
    -> person = <fun>
# new_id "Guieseppe Martin" (523,04,6712)
    student;;
- : person = {name = "Guieseppe Martin"; ss
    = (523, 4, 6712); age = 22}
```

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